

INVERCARGILL CITY COUNCIL

Bylaw 2018/2 – Dog Control



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INVERCARGILL CITY COUNCIL BYLAW 2018/2 - DOG CONTROL

A Bylaw of the Invercargill City Council made in pursuance of the powers contained in the Dog Control Act 1996 and the Local Government Act 2002.

SHORT TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

- 1.1 This Bylaw shall be known as "The Invercargill City Bylaw 2018/2 Dog Control" and is made for the effective control and regulation of dogs in the Invercargill City Council boundaries.
- 1.2 This Bylaw shall come into force on .

2. PURPOSE OF BYLAW

- 2.1 The Bylaw is made primarily under the authority of Section 20 of the Dog Control Act 1996 and the provisions of the Local Government Act 2002.
- 2.2 The primary purpose of the Bylaw is to strike an appropriate balance between the protection and safety of the public and the advantages to individuals and communities of dog ownership and the ability to satisfy their recreational needs. It also seeks to minimise distress and nuisance caused by dogs to the community as far as is practicable through legislative means.

3. REPEAL

The Invercargill City Council Bylaw 2015/1 - Dog Control is hereby repealed from the day this Bylaw comes into force.

4. EXCLUSIONS

This Bylaw only applies to dogs.

This Bylaw does not include Animal Welfare matters.

5. INTERPRETATION

In this Bylaw, unless inconsistent with the context:

COUNCIL means the Invercargill City Council.

DISABILITY ASSIST DOG means a dog defined as a disability assist dog under Section 2 of the Dog Control Act 1996 and specifically includes a dog certified by one of the following organisations as being a dog trained to assist (or as being a dog in training to assist) a person with a disability:

- a. Hearing Dogs for Deaf People New Zealand
- b. Mobility Assistance Dogs Trust

- c. New Zealand Epilepsy Assist Dogs Trust
- d. Royal New Zealand Foundation of the Blind
- e. Top Dog Companion Trust

DISTRICT PLAN means the operative Invercargill District Plan pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991.

OFFICER means an Animal Control Officer or Dog Ranger appointed under the Dog Control Act 1996 and includes an Honorary Dog Ranger.

OWNER means someone who owns a dog or has it for more than 72 hours or is a parent or guardian of an owner of a dog where the owner is under the age of 16 and is living with the parent or guardian.

PROPERTY means a piece of land or real estate.

PUBLIC PLACE means public place as defined in Section 2 of the Dog Control Act 1996.

RESERVE means any park, garden, plantation, forest, open space or ground set aside for public recreation or enjoyment and which is controlled or administered by Council.

WORKING DOG means working dog as defined under Section 2 of the Dog Control Act 1996.

DOG OWNER OBLIGATIONS

- 6. SHELTER FOR DOGS
- 6.1 The owner of any dog shall provide for it:
 - 6.1.1 a weatherproof kennel or place of confinement of adequate size constructed on well-drained ground;
 - 6.1.2 access to clean water; and
 - 6.1.3 in the case of a kennel without other means of confinement, provided with a fixed chain or running wire which allows the dog free movement about the kennel.

All kennels or places of confinement shall be kept in a reasonable, clean and sanitary condition. A place of confinement may include a dwelling.

6.2 No owner of any dog shall keep it on any property in any kennel other than a dwelling, any part of which is nearer than one metre to any boundary of that property. Exceptions will apply to properties that are too small to accommodate this, or a kennel is adjoining a solid fence or wall and does not cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.

7. FENCING OF DOGS

- 7.1 The owner of any dog shall keep and prevent that dog from wandering or being at large in any public place, excluding specified off lead areas. A dog shall be considered wandering or at large if the dog is not kept under continuous and effective control by means of a leash securely attached to a collar on the dog, with the exception of active working dogs.
- 7.2 All dogs should be appropriately confined when not under the control of their owner or a responsible person. Adequate confinement is interpreted as the following:
 - 7.2.1 not allowing dogs to intimidate the general public through charging or intimidation of any passers-by or neighbouring properties.
 - 7.2.2 confining dogs to a fully fenced space that provides adequate area for exercise and movement.
 - 7.2.2 menacing or dangerous dogs are required to be kept in a securely fenced portion of the property which it is not necessary to enter to obtain access to at least one door of any dwelling on the property.
- 7.3 Officers have the right to inspect any property to ensure compliance with this Bylaw and may issue an infringement notice if the owner does not comply.
- 7.4 No person shall encourage a dog to fight or attack any person, animal or dog, and shall take all reasonable steps to prevent a dog or dogs from fighting or attacking any person, animal or dog.
- 7.5 Menacing or dangerous dogs or dogs known to rush at or attack any person, animal or dog, must not be at large unless it is kept under continuous and effective by means of a leash securely attached to a collar on the dog control.

8. LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF DOGS

- 8.1 No occupier of premises, other than those within areas zoned "Rural" by the District Plan, shall keep more than two dogs over the age of three months at any one time, unless that person obtains approval from the Council to do so.
- 8.2 Upon written application, the Council may grant such approval subject to such terms, conditions and restrictions as the Council considers necessary or desirable in any particular case.
- 8.3 Every application for approval shall be made to the Council in writing in such form as the Council may from time to time require.
- 8.4 Every application for approval shall be accompanied by such fee detailed in Council's Schedule of Fees and Charges. Every such licence shall remain unless revoked as a result of a breach of the owner's obligations under the *Dog Control Act* 1996 or Invercargill City Council's bylaws and policies.
- The fee for such approval shall be payable in addition to the dog registration fees. This does not apply to ownership of three dogs as at 1 July 2015.

9. DOGS ON OR IN VEHICLES

- 9.1 No person shall allow a dog to ride on or within any vehicle, or be on any road or public place, unless the dog is at all times kept under effective control so as to prevent the dog from leaving the vehicle or from attacking any passers-by.
- 9.2 An exemption to Clause 9.1 is made for active working dogs to ride on or within any vehicle, or be on any road or public place.

10. DOGS IN PUBLIC PLACES

The Council may prohibit dogs from certain areas where it considers it necessary for the protection of the health and safety of the public or where it is considered desirable due to intense public use or the need to protect an area from dogs or for such other purpose as the Council may from time to time consider appropriate. Refer to Schedule 1 for a list of dog prohibited areas.

11. LEASH CONTROL AREA

- 11.1 Where a dog is in a public area, it must be on a lead and under control at all times.
- 11.2 Dog owners must ensure that their dog is kept under control at all times, and when in public places, excluding specified off lead areas, dogs must be on a lead held by a person who is capable of controlling the dog. This is to protect public safety and also to help to ensure the safety of dogs and other animals. Public areas are listed under Leash Control Area in Schedule 1.

12. NON DESIGNATED DOG AREAS

12.1 All dogs must be kept under proper and effective control at all times. A dog may be allowed to be unrestrained in any area that is not defined by a Council Bylaw as a leash control area or prohibited area provided that the dog is properly controlled.

13. FOULING BY DOGS

13.1 Every person who, being the owner of a dog which defecates in any public place, or on any land or premises other than land or premises occupied by that person, shall immediately remove the faeces. Where a public litter bin or similar receptacle is used to dispose of the faeces, the faeces must be suitably wrapped or contained to prevent fouling of the receptacle.

CUSTODY OF DOGS

14. IMPOUNDING OF DOGS

14.1 In cases where an Officer sees a dog wandering in a public place, that Officer will seize the dog. The dog will be treated in accordance with Council's process for the treatment of wandering dogs.

- 14.2 Where a wandering dog is impounded the Animal Care Facility will provide adequate and properly maintained facilities and resources for the care and safety of the dogs. Such dogs shall be humanely handled. Appropriate action will be taken to prevent the suffering of any diseased or injured dogs.
- 14.3 Animal Services will contact the owner, if the dog is registered. If after 7 days no owner has come forward to collect the dog and/or the Council has been unsuccessful in contacting the owner impounded dogs will be managed in accordance with the Council's process for rehoming or euthanasia as appropriate.

INFRINGEMENT OFFENCES

- 15. NUISANCE
- 15.1 Nuisance covers a wide range of issues and includes (but is not limited to) barking, dog faeces, roaming, and general dog activities. The owner of any dog, and the owner or occupier of any premises on which any dog or dogs are kept shall ensure it does not create a nuisance or annoyance by:
 - 15.1.1 Ensuring the dog does not obstruct the lawful passage of persons in public places.
 - 15.1.2 Ensuring the dog does not rush and/or frighten persons in a public place or lawfully on private property.
 - 15.1.3 Taking adequate precautions to prevent the dog or dogs, or the keeping thereof, from becoming a nuisance or annoyance.
- 15.2 If, in the opinion of the Council, any dog or dogs or the keeping thereof on any premises has become, or is likely to become, a nuisance, the Council may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of the premises, within a time specified in such notice, to do all or any of the following:
 - 15.2.1 Reduce the number of dogs kept on the premises.
 - 15.2.2 Order the permanent removal of a dog/dogs on a property.
 - 15.2.5 Take such other action as the Council deems necessary to minimise or remove the likelihood of nuisance.

DOG CLASSIFICATIONS

16. DANGEROUS DOGS

Dangerous Dog has the same definition as in section 31(1) of the Dog Control Act 1996.

- 16.1 The owner of any dog classified as dangerous must follow these additional obligations:
 - 16.1.1 The owner must ensure the provision of a secure area for the dog where it is possible to gain unrestricted access to at least one door of the dwelling.
 - 16.1.2 The dog must be muzzled in any public place when not confined in a vehicle or cage.

- 16.1.3 The owner may not rehome the dog to any other person without the written consent of the Council.
- 16.1.4 The dog must be neutered within one month of the dog being classified as dangerous.

17. MENACING DOGS

Menacing Dog has the same definition as in section 33A of the Dog Control Act 1996.

- 17.1 The owner of any dog classified as menacing must follow these additional obligations:
 - 17.1.1 Any dog, classified as menacing by any other territorial authority, that now resides in Council's area must be neutered as per section 33EB of the Dog Control Act 1996.
 - 17.1.2 Any owner of a dog classified as menacing must follow these additional obligations:
 - a. Ensure the provision of a secure area where it is possible to gain unrestricted access to at least one door of the dwelling.
 - b. Ensure that the dog is muzzled in any public place when not confined in a vehicle or cage.
 - c. Not rehome the dog to any other person without the written consent of the Council.

SCHEDULE 1

DOG AREAS

DOG PROHIBITED AREA

The Council may prohibit dogs from certain areas where it considers it necessary for the protection of the health and safety of the public or where it is considered desirable due to:

- intense public use, or
- the need to protect an area from dogs, or
- for such other purpose as the Council may from time to time consider appropriate.

The following areas within the District are designated as prohibited areas for dogs:

Events that are organised by Council unless otherwise publicised.

Children's Playgrounds – Within ten metres of children's play equipment, skateboard ramps and paddling pools.

Sports Fields – The designated playing areas of all marked sports fields.

Ponds and Lagoons on Reserves – Including the areas around Sandy Point and Donovan Park ponds and lagoons.

Tiwai Peninsula. This area is within the Invercargill City Council Boundaries but controlled by the Department of Conservation and is subject to their rules in relation to dogs.

LEASH CONTROL AREA

Where a dog is in a public area, it must be on a lead and under control at all times.

Dog owners must ensure that their dog is kept under control at all times, and when in public places, dogs must be on a lead held by a person who is capable of controlling the dog.

This is to protect public safety and also to help ensure the safety of dogs and other animals.

A public area includes:

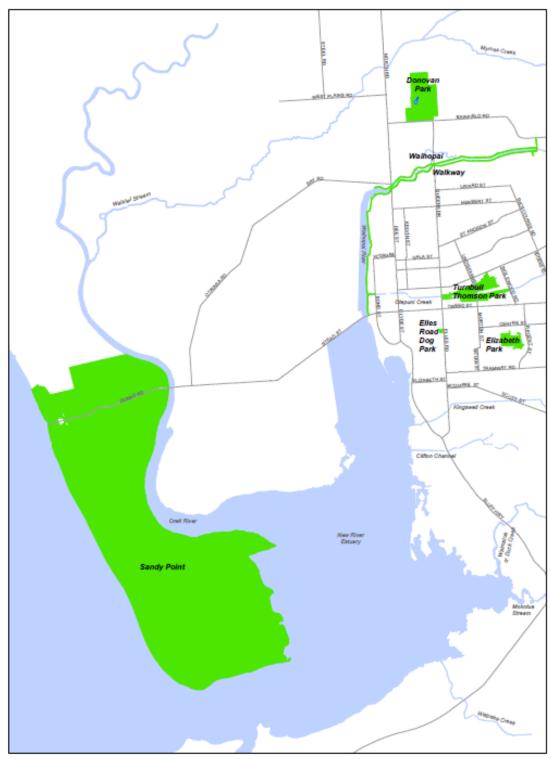
- All streets and roads.
- Footpaths and walkways.
- Parks and reserves. (Excluding the Elles Road Dog Park)
- Cemeteries and crematorium.
- Formed walking tracks on reserves.

APPENDIX 1

DOG OFF LEAD MAP

Parks where dogs can be exercised off lead. The green areas of the map indicate the general areas where dogs can be exercised off lead. Further details of the specific areas are included in the following maps.

Owners are responsible for keeping their dogs under control at all times and must use their own discretion to determine whether their dog is sufficiently well trained to remain off leash when walking near stock, even when the stock is fenced.



Parks where dogs can be exercised off lead

Turnbull Thompson Park

The areas marked in grey are dog off lead areas.

The areas marked in green hatch include sports fields. The sports fields, so marked, from season to season are dog prohibited areas.



Donovan Park

The areas marked in blue include sports fields. The sports fields, so marked, from season to season are dog prohibited areas.

The area marked in red is a dog prohibited area.

The lagoon area is a dog prohibited area.



Elizabeth Park

The areas marked in green are dog of lead areas.

The red cross indicates playground equipment and/or a skate park and dogs are prohibited from being within 10 metres of this equipment.

The marked walkways are dog off lead areas noting the inconsistency with the current Parks Management Plans and Parks Dog Control Policy.



Elles Road



Waihopai Walkway

The ICC Parks and Reserves are marked on the map below.
The walkway itself is controlled by Environment Southland.
The red crosses indicate playgrounds and are dog prohibited areas (within 10 metres).



Sandy Point

Sandy Point is a dog off lead area subject to the following restrictions.

Silver Lagoon – at the end of Round Tree Track is a dog prohibited area.

The leased areas identified below are excluded from the Council Dog Policy.



The Walkway and Walkway/Cycleway are dog off lead areas noting the inconsistency with the current Parks Management Plans and Parks Dog Control Policy.



Area of Dog Exercise/Off Lead in Bluff

The green hatch areas in Ocean Beach Reserve are a dog off leash area.

