INITIAL SEISMIC ASSESSMENT REPORT (ISA PLUS)

Suzie's Tapas, Kim's Sunshine Sushi, Tasti Blitz, and Cargill Tea 12-16 Kelvin Street, Invercargill



Client Name: HWCP Management Limited

BMC Reference: 1711-2266

Date Issued: 09/04/2018



Quality Statement and Document Control

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Issue Register:

Revision	Date	Description		
	09/04/2018	ISA (Plus)		
		Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by
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Revision History:

Rev. No	Date	Issue Description	Prepared by	Reviewed by

1711-2266 1 Rev A. 9 April 2018



Contents:

1	Exe	cutive Summary	3
2	Sco	ppe of Our Engagement	4
3	Buil	ding Description	5
	3.1	General Overview	5
	3.2	Construction Materials & Configuration	6
	3.3	Lateral Load Resisting Structural System	7
	3.4	Foundations & Geotechnical	8
4	Buil	ding Inspection	8
	4.1	Documentation	8
	4.2	Observations and/or Damage	9
5	Ass	essment	13
	5.1	Specific Calculations / Engineering assessment	13
	5.2	IEP Spreadsheet Calculations	13
6	Seis	smic Restraint of Non-Structural Items	14
7	Cor	ntinued Occupancy Recommendations	14
8	Cor	nclusions	14
Α	PPEND	DIX A - NZSEE IEP Spreadsheet & Out-of-Plane Wall Calculation	A



1 Executive Summary

The following report summarises the findings of an Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA Plus) of the building at 12-16 Kelvin Street, Invercargill. This building has "Tier 2" heritage status in the "Proposed Invercargill City District Plan", dated January 2017.

The two-storey building is constructed of unreinforced masonry (URM) walls, a timber first floor and roof framing. The building was constructed circa 1904-1924. It was renovated in 1940 by Allan C Ford for W.T.Shroud Esq and in 1971 for the Invercargill Licencing Trust. The building is located in the Invercargill CBD. This location is a 'medium' seismic risk region with a seismic hazard factor of 0.17. For comparison, Christchurch has a seismic hazard design value of 0.30 and is a 'high' seismic risk region, while Dunedin has a seismic hazard value of 0.13 and is a 'low' seismic risk region.

Documentation available to Batchelar McDougall Consultants Limited (BMC) for the purposes of this assessment is summarised in Section 4.1. This assessment is based on these documents and site visit observations only.

For the purposes of this evaluation, the building has been assessed as a structure of Importance Level 2 (IL2) – Normal Building.

BMC have completed an NZSEE Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) spreadsheet. In addition, BMC has provided an initial assessment of the building and carried out a calculation of the out-of-plane performance of a critical wall.

From this assessment, the building is considered to have lateral load carrying capacity of 15-20% New Building Standard (%NBS) for an IL2 building as follows,

Loading direction	Building %NBS (IL2)	Seismic Grade	Limiting performance
East-West (Longitudinal)	15-20% NBS	Е	Out-of-plane capacity of shopfront URM wall (east wall, facing Kelvin Street)
North-South (Transverse)	15-20% NBS	Е	In-plane soft storey at the shopfront

Refer to Section 5 for explanation and summary of assessment.

A 'Desk Top' geotechnical assessment from nearby sites has been referenced in relation to likely geotechnical conditions for this site. The building is assumed to have shallow strip footing foundations which will likely be subject to some differential settlement as a result of liquefaction under a significant (ULS) seismic event.

Our ISA Plus found that the building at 12-16 Kelvin Street, Invercargill has a capacity less than 34%NBS (IL2), and the building, therefore, is considered to be potentially Earthquake Prone as defined in the Building Act.

Note the ISA Plus is considered to provide a relatively quick, high-level and mostly qualitative measure of the building's performance. If a more defined level of performance is required then a Detailed Seismic Assessment (DSA) would need to be carried out.



2 Scope of Our Engagement

As requested by HWCP Management Limited, Batchelar McDougall Consulting Limited (BMC) has undertaken a comprehensive Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA Plus) of the seismic capacity of the building at the above noted address.

The seismic assessment and reporting have been undertaken in accordance with the qualitative procedures detailed in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings, Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments" issued by the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) and now cited in the Building (Earthquake-prone buildings) Amendment Act 2016 (which has now been integrated into the Building Act 2004) with reference to potentially earthquake prone buildings. BMC have included a simple calculation / assessment of an element of the building form(s) or structure(s) that BMC have assessed as limiting the global seismic capacity of the building.

This structural assessment includes:

- Review of existing building plans or production of a scale layout plan and review of any prior reports, if available.
- Undertaking interior and exterior visual inspection of exposed elements on-site, where access is available.
- Consideration of the general established geotechnical evidence for the site (from the initial 'Desktop Study' relevant to the CBD block by Geosolve Limited).
- Completion of an Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) spreadsheet(s).
- Engineering assessment and/or calculation of a primary or critical structural element that is considered to limit the global seismic capacity of the building.
- Production of a summary report.

The assessment is made with regard to Clause B1 – Structure of the New Zealand Building Code. No other Building Code Clauses have been assessed by this report.

This structural assessment is based on the visual evidence and indications present at the time of inspection. No specific invasive investigation work has been carried out (although wall thicknesses and wall/parapet heights may be determined). The findings of this report may therefore be subject to revision pending further and more detailed investigation or assessment and/or deterioration of elements from earthquake or ground settlement. This report does not address any hidden or latent defects that may have been incorporated in the original design and construction.

This assessment has been restricted to structural aspects only. Waterproofing elements, electrical and mechanical equipment, fire protection and safety systems, service connections, water supplies and sanitary fittings have not been reviewed, and secondary elements such as internal fit out have not been reviewed.

The scope of this evaluation is limited to the initial or first stage assessment of the potential performance of the building in an earthquake ONLY. No assessment has been made of other load cases such as wind, snow and gravity.



BMC's professional services are performed using a degree of care and skill normally exercised, under similar circumstances, by reputable consultants practicing in this field at this time. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the professional advice presented in this report.

This report is provided solely for use by HWCP Management Limited and shall not be relied on by any other parties without written approval from BMC.

3 Building Description

3.1 General Overview

The building is located at 12-16 Kelvin Street, Invercargill, as shown below in Figure 1. The building is a two-storey unreinforced masonry (URM) structure untenanted on the first floor and tenanted on the ground floor by four retail establishments - Suzie's Tapas, Kim's Sunshine Sushi, Tasti Bitz, and Cargill Tea.



Figure 1 - Location of 12-16 Kelvin Street, Invercargill

The building at 12-16 Kelvin Street is one of a three-part building complex constructed between 1904-1924, as outlined in Figure 1. These three buildings have been identified as follows:

- 12-16 Kelvin Street shares a façade with 2-10 Kelvin Street. Each structure has separate first floors and perimeter roof parapets and hence these have been treated as two buildings
- 2-10 Kelvin Street and 58 Tay Street share one first floor area. Each structure has separate façades and perimeter roof parapets and hence have been treated as two buildings

The shopfronts at ground floor, facing Kelvin St, have full height glazing. The façade at first floor has arched windows in the URM structure with a parapet above. A shopfront canopy extends the full width of the building.



The building has been classified by Invercargill City Council as a site of local significance in the "Proposed Invercargill City District Plan", dated January 2017. The building description is summarised below in Table 1.

Renovations to the Cecil Hotel were undertaken by Allan C Ford in 1940 for W.T. Stroud Esq. In 1971, further alterations to Cecil Hotel were completed by Smith, Rice, Lawrence and Mollison for the Invercargill Licencing Trust.

Building Feature	Description
Building address:	12-16 Kelvin Street, Invercargill
Footprint dimension:	19.4 m x 16.5 m
Number of storeys:	2
Gross floor area (approximate):	675 m ²
Building history:	Built circa 1904-1924. Renovation in 1940 by Allan Ford Renovation in 1971 by Smith, Rice, Lawrence and Mollison
Archive Plan Availability	1940 Architectural Drawings by Allan C Ford 1971 Architectural Drawings by Smith, Rice, Lawrence and Mollison
Occupancy:	Retail
Importance Classification: (AS/NZS 1170.0:2002: Table 3.2)	IL2 Normal building
Heritage Classification:	Tier 2

Table 1: Building Description

3.2 Construction Materials & Configuration

The two-storey building is mostly square in plan. The shopfront of the building faces Kelvin Street. The side walls are on the north and south sides of the building. At the rear of the northern most tenancy (Suzies Tapas) is a single storey portion of the building. The construction of this comprises URM walls and timber roof framing with corrugated iron roofing. The ground floor plan and first floor plan are shown below in Figure 2. The ground floor plan is from the 1971 Architectural Drawings by Smith, Rice, Lawrence and Mollison and the first-floor plan is from the 1940 Architectural Drawings by Allan C Ford.

The perimeter side walls, intertenancy walls and rear wall are full height URM. At the shopfront, the ground floor is "open" with URM wall/piers above. The URM wall/piers above are likely supported by steel beams spanning between steel posts and URM walls/piers across the shopfront. A canopy protrudes over the footpath along the shopfronts. The canopy is supported at the shopfront wall and supported by steel gravity posts at the footpath edge.



The roof is constructed of corrugated iron roofing on timber purlins spanning between timber trusses. The timber trusses are supported on perimeter URM side walls and interior supports.

The first floor is assumed to be constructed of timber planks on timber joists that span between the URM perimeter/intertenancy walls and the interior supports.

The ground floor construction was identified as slab on grade. The URM walls are assumed to be supported on concrete strip footings.

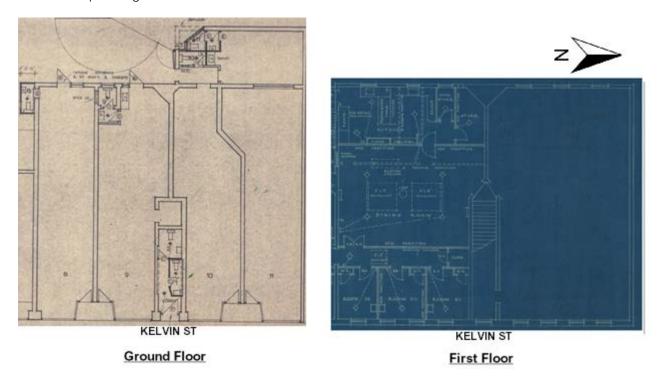


Figure 2 - Building floor plan

The general condition of the building was average with potential earthquake cracking observed along the exterior URM walls.

3.3 Lateral Load Resisting Structural System

The main components of the lateral load resisting system are perimeter and intertenancy URM walls and the timber diaphragms. At the first floor, the diaphragm is the timber floor framing. At roof level, the diaphragm is the timber roof framing and a corrugated iron roof.

The intended lateral resisting system for such a structure functions as follows. The timber diaphragms and inplane URM walls work together to transfer the seismic loads from each building level down to ground level. At each building level, the diaphragm spans horizontally, like a beam, between its support points – the in-plane URM walls. The diaphragm effectively distributes the seismic loads to the in-plane URM walls. The URM walls transfer the seismic loads to ground level. The lateral bracing system relies on the in-plane shear capacity of URM walls, the strength of the timber diaphragm, and the connection of the timber diaphragm to the URM wall.



For this era and construction type, it was normal for timber floor framing to be supported in "pockets" in the URM wall. With this connection style, there are no positive connections from the timber diaphragm to the URM walls. The only lateral connection is the friction from the timber floor joist bearing on the URM wall.

For seismic loads in the east west direction (longitudinal direction), the lateral loads are resisted by the perimeter side URM walls and the intertenancy URM walls.

For seismic loads in the north south direction (transverse direction), the lateral loads are resisted by the rear URM wall.

3.4 Foundations & Geotechnical

There are no obvious signs of significant settlement in foundations or wall cracking. Foundation details are unknown. It is assumed that the URM walls sit on concrete footings.

A 'Desk Top' geotechnical study titled Invercargill CBD Project Stage 1 dated February 2018 by Geosolve Limited (Ref: 171019) has been completed. This study focussed on the likely ground conditions for the Old Government Life & Old Southland Times buildings but does relate generally to the CBD block as a whole.

Key findings from the Geosolve report that are likely to relate to this building assessment are:

- Ground / Soil Class D is to be used for the purposes of seismic assessment.
- Some liquefaction induced differential settlement is likely in a significant (ULS) seismic event.
- Bearing conditions for typical strip footings are less than 'good ground' as defined by NZS3604 (approximately half). Note BMC has not checked actual foundation bearing pressures for this building.

4 Building Inspection

4.1 Documentation

Documentation received by BMC that was considered relevant to this report includes: -

Description	Revision	Issue Date
Proposed alterations to Hotel Cecil, Kelvin Street for W.T. Shroud Esq. By Allan C Ford	N/A	1940
Alterations to the Cecil Hotel for the Invercargill Licencing Trust By Smith, Rice, Lawrence and Mollison	4	1971
Invercargill City: Central City Area Heritage Buildings Re-Assessment 2016 By Dr. Andrea Farminer and Robin Miller	N/A	2016



4.2 Observations and/or Damage

The building was inspected by Andrew Marriott and Charlotte Corston of BMC on 26/02/2018. This was a visual inspection only. The inspection included the internal ground floor only and external accessible areas of the building. No invasive investigations were carried out.

Items of structural damage observed:

- Cracking in URM shopfront parapet
- Cracking in west URM wall at mid height of windows
- Pounding damage between single storey and double storey sections of structure

The following photo images and observations and specific comments relate to the inspection. A complete photo record of the inspection is available on request.

No#	Photo	Comments
1		Potential soft story at storefront. At the north wall of the building, no evidence of a seismic gap.
2		Cracking in URM shopfront parapet.



No#	Photo	Comments
3		Cracking in west URM wall, at mid height of windows.
4		Pounding damage between single storey section of structure and double storey section of structure.
5		Single storey portion of building at rear of Suzie's Tapas.



No#	Photo	Comments
6		Along south wall - Fire escape. Only access to first floor of building
7		Spice shop with arched frame through centre



No#	Photo	Comments
8		URM office in centre of building at ground floor

Table 2 – Photos of observations and damage



5 Assessment

5.1 Specific Calculations / Engineering assessment

In the longitudinal direction (east-west direction), the limiting element of the lateral load carrying capacity is the out-of-plane capacity of the URM wall at the shopfront. The out-of-plane capacity of this wall was calculated to be approximately 20%NBS (IL2). The shopfront wall was taken as 355 mm thick, 6 m height (first floor to top of parapet) and supported on double steel beams above the open shopfront. The wall appears to have no positive connection to the timber diaphragm at first floor or at roof level. As such, the wall essentially cantilevers from its support point with little to no lateral support above. For out-of-plane wall calculation, refer to Appendix A.

In the transverse direction (north-south direction), there is also a soft storey critical structural weakness. A soft storey in a building occurs when a significantly more flexible building level supports a more rigid building level. This occurs at the shopfront, where a relatively heavy rigid first floor façade is supported by a "open" ground floor framing with no distinct lateral force resisting elements, see Figure 3.



Figure 3 - Building elevation of soft storey structure example

It is estimated that the capacity of the building in the transverse direction is approximately 5-20%NBS (IL2).

The overall estimated lateral load resisting capacity of the building is 15-20%NBS.

5.2 IEP Spreadsheet Calculations

The NZ Society of Earthquake Engineers (NZSEE) has developed an assessment calculation (the IEP Spreadsheet) to be used in a preliminary estimation of the seismic capacity (Percentage of New Build Standard (%NBS)) of a building. This is primarily based on comparing the current seismic design Loadings Code (NZS1170.5) in 2018 with the seismic design load at the time the building was designed. It assumes that the original design was built to at least 100%NBS of the design load at this time. It allows for other 'engineering judgement' and observation factors to be incorporated but the process is at best a preliminary estimation.

BMC has carried out an IEP assessment for this building. The results were 15%NBS (IL2). The lateral capacity of the building is limited by the soft storey weakness and the age of the building.

The IEP assessment of this building therefore indicates an overall score of 15%NBS (IL2) corresponding to a 'Grade E' building as defined by the New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering (NZSEE) building grading scheme. This is below the threshold for earthquake prone buildings (34%NBS) and below the threshold for



earthquake risk buildings (67%NBS) as recommended by the NZSEE. The IEP Spreadsheets are (for both parts of the building) included as Appendix A.

6 Seismic Restraint of Non-Structural Items

During an earthquake, the safety of people can be put at risk due to non-structural items falling on them. These items should be adequately seismically restrained, where possible, to the NZS 4219:2009 "The Seismic Performance of Engineering Systems in Buildings".

An assessment has not been made of the bracing of the false ceilings, in-ceiling ducting, services and plant or contents. These issues are outside the scope of this initial assessment but could be the subject of another investigation. False (or suspended) ceilings exist on both ground and first floor levels of this building.

7 Continued Occupancy Recommendations

Based on our assessment of the building, BMC considers continued occupancy is appropriate for 6-12 months subject to the conditions of the Building (Earthquake-prone buildings) Amendment Act 2016.

If required, a Detailed Seismic Assessment (DSA) or a more detailed assessment could be carried out with intrusive investigation work into the nature and capacity of the timber framing connections to the front and rear URM walls at the roof and first floor level. This more detailed assessment could enable an understanding of other aspects of its seismic performance and potentially raise the lateral capacity of the building to above 34%NBS.

8 Conclusions

Based on our assessment, the building has a seismic load carrying capacity of less than 34%NBS and the building, therefore, is considered to be potentially Earthquake Prone as defined by the Building Act.

This building has "Tier 2" heritage status in the "Proposed Invercargill City District Plan", dated January 2017.

If a more defined level of performance is required, then a DSA would need to be carried out.

For more summary comments, refer to the Executive Summary.



APPENDIX A - NZSEE IEP Spreadsheet & Out-of-Plane Wall Calculation

Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for {Client/TA}

Page 1

WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in the "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

Street Number & Name:	12-16 Kelvin St	Job No.:	1711-2266
AKA:		By:	Charlotte Corston
Name of building:		Date:	6/04/2018
City:	Invercargill	Revision No.:	

Table IEP-1 Initial Evaluation Procedure Step 1

Step 1 - General Information

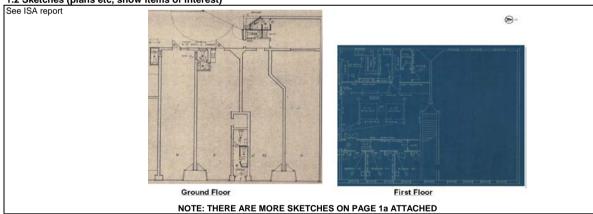
See ISA report

1.1 Photos (attach sufficient to describe building)



NOTE: THERE ARE MORE PHOTOS ON PAGE 1a ATTACHED

1.2 Sketches (plans etc, show items of interest)



See ISA report			
1.4 Note information sources	Tick as appropriate		
1.4 Note information sources Visual Inspection of Exterior Visual Inspection of Interior	Tick as appropriate	Specifications Geotechnical Reports	

Street Number & Name AKA: Jame of building: City:	Invercargill	i		Job No.: By: Date: Revision No	1711-2266 Charlotte Corston 6/04/2018
Γable IEP-2 Ini	tial Evaluation Proced	lure Step 2			
Step 2 - Determination	on of (%NBS) _b				
	icular building - refer Section B5)		ı	
1.1 Determine nominal	(%NBS) = (%NBS) _{nom}		<u>Longitudi</u>	<u>nal</u>	<u>Transverse</u>
a) Building Strengthe	ning Data		_		
Tick if building is ki	nown to have been strengthened	I in this direction			
If strengthened, en	ter percentage of code the build	ing has been strengthened t	N/A		N/A
b) Year of Design/Stre	ngthening, Building Type and	Seismic Zone			
			Pre 1935	•	Pre 1935
			1935-1965 1965-1976	0	1935-1965 O 1965-1976 O
			1976-1984	0	1976-1984
			1984-1992	Ŏ	1984-1992
			1992-2004 2004-2011	0	1992-2004 O 2004-2011 O
			Post Aug 2011	0	Post Aug 2011
		Building Type:	Others	•	Others
		Seismic Zone:	Not appli	cable	Not applicable
c) Soil Type	704470 5 0004 0104 0				
	ZS1170.5:2004, CI 3.1.3 :		D Soft Soil	▼	D Soft Soil
	ZS4203:1992, CI 4.6.2.2 : 2 to 2004 and only if known)		Not appli	cable	Not applicable
d) Estimate Period, T Comment:			h _n = 9		9 m
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Eccentrically Braced		$T = \max\{0.08h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$			
All Other Frame Stru Concrete Shear Wa		$T = \max\{0.06h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$ $T = \max\{0.09h_n^{0.75}/A_c^{0.5}, 0.4\}$	0 0 •		O O O ●
Masonry Shear Wal	ls:	T ≤ 0.4sec			
User Defined (input	Period): Where $h_n = height in metres from the base.$	ase of the structure to the	0		0
	uppermost seismic weight or mass.	ase of the structure to the	T: 0.40		0.40
	ening factor determined using result fror ngthened)	n (a) above (set to 1.0	Factor A: 1.00		1.00
	ed from NZSEE Guidelines Figure 3A.1) to (e) above	using	Factor B: 0.03		0.03
	orced concrete buildings designed between therwise take as 1.0.	een 1976-84 Factor	Factor C: 1.00		1.00
	ings designed prior to 1935 Factor D = 0 er (1931-1935) where Factor D may be .0.		Factor D: 0.80		0.80
(%NBS) _{nom} = AxBxC	·vD		%NBS) _{nom} 2%	,	2%

reet Number & Name: KA:	12-16 Kelvin S	St	Job t By:	No.: 1711-2266 Charlotte Corsto
ame of building:			Date:	6/04/2018
ty:	Invercargill F			sion No.:
able IEP-2 Initial E	Evaluation Proce	edure Step 2	2 continued	
2 Near Fault Scaling Factor If $T \le 1.5$ sec, Factor E =				
,			<u>Longitudinal</u>	Transverse
a) Near Fault Factor, N(T,D)			N(T,D): 1	1
(from NZS1170.5:2004, Cl 3.1.6) b) Factor E	1	= 1/N(T,D)	Factor E: 1.00	1.00
			<u></u>	
3 Hazard Scaling Factor, F				
a) Hazard Factor, Z, for site Loca		_	Refer right for user-defined locations	
2004		/from N/751170	_	
Z	$Z = 0.17$ $I_{1992} = 0.68$.5:2004, Table 3.3) Zone Factor from accompanying Figure 3.5(b))	
	2004 = 0.17		.5:2004, Table 3.3)	
b) Factor F		4/7		
For pre 1992 For 1992-2011	=	1/Z Z ₁₉₉₂ /Z		
For post 2011	=	Z_{2004}/Z		
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nitial Evaluation Proc	edure (IEP) Assessment - Com				
Street Number & Name: AKA: Name of building:	12-16 Kelvin St		By: Date	e:	1711-2266 Charlotte Corston 6/04/2018
City:	Invercargill		Rev	vision No.:	
Γable IEP-3 Initial E	Evaluation Procedure Step 3				
Step 3 - Assessment of Po Refer Appendix B - Section B3.2	erformance Achievement Ratio (PAR)			
) Transverse Direction					
potential CSWs		tructural Performa			Factor
.1 Plan Irregularity	·		nate		
Effect on Structural Performance Comment	mance O Severe (Significant		Insignificant	Factor A 1.0
.2 Vertical Irregularity Effect on Structural Perform Soft Storey	mance O Severe (Significant		○ Insignificant	Factor B 0.7
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Initial Evaluation Procedu	re (IEP) Assessment - Completed for	(Client/TA)	Page 6
Street Number & Name: AKA: Name of building: City:	12-16 Kelvin St Invercargill	Job No.: By: Date: Revision No.:	1711-2266 Charlotte Corston 6/04/2018
Table IEP-4 Initial Eval	uation Procedure Steps 4, 5, 6 and 7		
Step 4 - Percentage of New B	uilding Standard <i>(%NBS)</i>	Longitudinal	Transverse
4.1 Assessed Baseline %NBS (from Table IEP - 1)	(%NBS) _b	17%	17%
4.2 Performance Achievement (from Table IEP - 2)	Ratio (PAR)	1.00	0.70
4.3 PAR x Baseline (%NBS) _b		15%	15%
4.4 Percentage New Building (Use lower of two values from	Standard (%NBS) - Seismic Rating om Step 4.3)		15%
Step 5 - Is %NBS < 34?			YES
Step 6 - Potentially Earthquak	se Risk (is <i>%NBS</i> < 67)?		YES
Step 7 - Provisional Grading f	or Seismic Risk based on IEP	Seismic Grade	Е
Additional Comments (items	of note affecting IEP based seismic rating)		
Relationship between	n Grade and <i>%NBS</i> :		

))		_
%NBS:	> 100	100 to 80	79 to 67	66 to 34	< 34 to 20	< 20

Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for {Client/TA}

Page 7

Street Number & Name:	12-16 Kelvin St	Job No.:	1711-2266
AKA:		Ву:	Charlotte Corston
Name of building:		Date:	6/04/2018
City:	Invercargill	Revision No.:	

Table IEP-5 Initial Evaluation Procedure Step 8

Step 8 - Identification of potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs) that could result in significant risk to a significant number of occupants

8.1 Number of storeys above ground level

2

8.2 Presence of heavy concrete floors and/or concrete roof? (Y/N)

N

Potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs):

Note: Options that are greyed out are not applicable and need not be considered.

Occupancy not considered to be significant - no further consideration required.

Risk not considered to be significant - no further consideration required.

The following potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs) have been identified in the building that could result in significant risk to a significant number of occupants:

- 1 None identified
- 2. Weak or soft storey (except top storey)
- 3. Brittle columns and/or beam-column joints the deformations of which are not constrained by other structural elements
- 4. Flat slab buildings with lateral capacity reliant on low ductility slab-to-column
- 5. No identifiable connection between primary structure and diaphragms
- 6. Ledge and gap stairs

IEP Assessment Confirmed by



Andrew Marriott Name

72638 CPEng. No

(No 0 No	40.40 Kalain 04	d for {Client/TA}	Page	
eet Number & Name: A:	12-16 Kelvin St	Job No.: By:	1711-2266 Charlotte Corston	
me of building:		Date:	6/04/2018	
City:	Invercargill	Revision No.:	0,0 1,20 1,0	
ble IEP-1a Additio	nal Photos and Sketches			
	ographs, notes or sketches required belo	w:		
Note: print this page separately				



18 Kelvin Street - ISA Plus

18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill

1711-2266 Apr-18 *CJC*

Phone: (03) 443 4531www.bmconsult.co.nz1711-2266ASubject:URM wall out of plane capacity check of shopfront elevation

Ywall	18
t _{w nom}	0.355
t _{w eff}	0.348
$Q_{Cladding}$	0
h	6
W	38.3

URM Wall Properties

 e_{b}

 \boldsymbol{y}_{b}

0.348 m 0 kPa 6 m 38.3 kN 0.124 m 3.00 m

kN/m³

m

1.49 participation γ 1.98 T_p sec 0.25 Δ_{i} m Δ_{m} 0.07 m 0.37 D_{ph} m %NBS 20 %

Anchorage Design C_m

C_{con}(0.75) 0.06 g **F***_{top} **2.2** kN

0.06

g

NZS 1170.5 (2004) parameters

Soil Class	D				
C _h (0)	1.12	From Table	3.1, use valu	ies in brackets	
N(T,D)	1	Refer to Sec	ction 3.1.6		
Z	0.17	Refer to Section 3.1.4			
R	1	Refer to Section 3.1.5			
C(0)	0.19				
R_P	1	From Table 8.1			
h_n	9	m (Total Height)			
r h _i	6	m (Average height of part)			
C_{Hi}	2.00	<u>Case</u>	Applicable	C _{Hi}	

<u>Case</u>	Applicable	C _{Hi}
h _i < 12 m	YES	2
$h_i < 0.2h_n$	NO	N/A
h _i ≥0.2h _n	YES	3

 $\begin{array}{lll} \underline{C_p(0.75)} \\ \\ C_{hc}(0.75) & 1.48 & g \\ C_p \ (0.75) & 0.99 & g \end{array}$

 $C_{hc}(T_p)$

 C_p (T_p)

0.67

0.25

