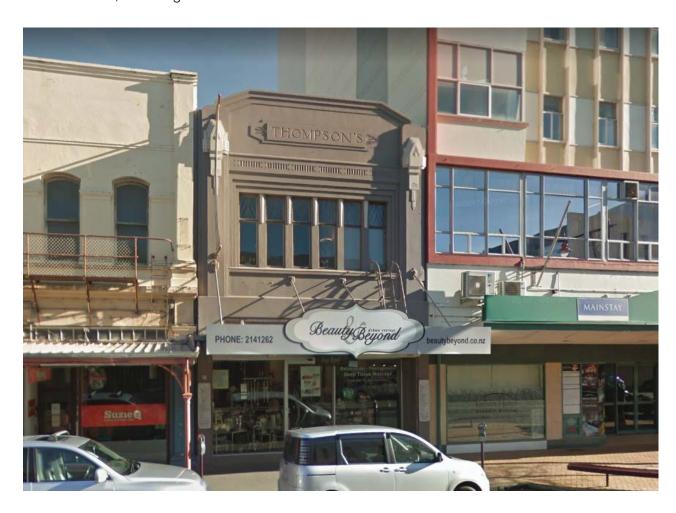
## **INITIAL SEISMIC ASSESSMENT REPORT (ISA PLUS)**

Beauty and Beyond

18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill



Client Name: HWCP Management Limited

BMC Reference: 1711-2266

Date Issued: 9/04/2018



# Quality Statement and Document Control

This Initial Seismic Assessment report has been prepared for HWCP Management Limited by Batchelar McDougall Consulting Limited. No liability is accepted by this company or any employee or sub-consultant of this company with respect to its use by any other parties.

This disclaimer shall apply notwithstanding that the documents may be made available to other persons for an application for permission or approval to fulfil a legal requirement.

## Issue Register:

Revision	Date	Description		
	9/04/2018	ISA (Plus)		
		Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by
Δ.	Name	Charlotte Corston	Matt Stewart	Andrew Marriott
А	Signature	Be(hons), MEngNZ	Math Stowart  BSCE (USA-CA), PE (USA-CA), CMEngNZ	BE, CPEng, CMEngNZ, IntPE(NZ), MICOMOS)

# Revision History:

Rev. No	Date	Issue Description	Prepared by	Reviewed by

1711-2266 1 Rev A. 9 April 2018



# Contents:

1	Exe	ecutive Summary	3
2	Sco	ope of Our Engagement	4
3	Bui	ilding Description	5
	3.1	General Overview	5
	3.2	Construction Materials & Configuration	6
	3.3	Lateral Load Resisting Structural System	8
	3.4	Foundations & Geotechnical	9
4	Bui	ilding Inspection	9
	4.1	Documentation	9
	4.2	Observations and/or Damage	9
5	Ass	sessment	12
	5.1	Specific Calculations / Engineering Assessment	12
	5.2	IEP Spreadsheet Calculations	12
6	Sei	ismic Restraint of Non-Structural Items	13
7	Coi	ntinued Occupancy Recommendations	13
8	Coi	nclusions	13
Αl	PPENI	DIX A - NZSEE IEP Spreadsheet & Out-of-Plane Wall Calculation	A



# 1 Executive Summary

The following report covers the Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA Plus) of the building at 18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill. This building has "Tier 2" heritage status in the "Proposed Invercargill City District Plan", dated January 2017.

The two-storey building that is constructed of unreinforced masonry (URM) perimeter walls and timber floor/roofing framing. It was constructed circa 1910. The building is located in the Invercargill CBD which is identified as having a 'medium' seismic risk with a seismic hazard factor of 0.17. For comparison, Christchurch has a seismic hazard design value of 0.3 and is labelled as 'high' seismic risk, while Dunedin has a seismic hazard value of 0.13 and is labelled as 'low' seismic risk.

Documentation available to Batchelar McDougall Consultants Limited (BMC) for the purposes of this assessment is summarised in Section 4.1. This assessment is based on these documents and site visit observations only.

For the purposes of this evaluation, the building has been assessed as a structure of Importance Level 2 (IL2) – Normal Building.

BMC have completed an NZSEE Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) spreadsheet. In addition, BMC has provided an initial assessment of the building and carried out a calculation of the out-of-plane performance of a critical wall.

From this assessment, the building is considered to have a lateral load carrying capacity of 15-20 % New Building Standard (%NBS) for an IL2 building as follows,

Loading direction	Building %NBS (IL2)	Seismic Grade	Limiting performance
North-South (Longitudinal)	15-20% NBS	E	Out-of-plane capacity storefront wall (north wall facing Kelvin Street) and rear URM walls
East-West (Transverse)	15-20% NBS	E	In-plane soft storey at the storefront and out-of- plane horizontal off-set of rear URM walls

Refer to Section 5 for explanation and summary of assessment.

A 'Desk Top' geotechnical assessment from nearby sites has been referenced in relation to likely geotechnical conditions for this site. The building is assumed to have shallow strip footing foundations which will likely be subject to some differential settlement as a result of liquefaction under a significant (ULS) seismic event.

Our ISA Plus found that the building at 18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill has a capacity less than 34%NBS (IL2), and the building, therefore, is considered to be potentially Earthquake Prone as defined in the Building Act.

Note the ISA Plus is considered to provide a relatively quick, high-level and mostly qualitative measure of the building's performance. If a more defined level of performance is required then a Detailed Seismic Assessment (DSA) would need to be carried out.



# 2 Scope of Our Engagement

As requested by HWCP Management Limited, Batchelar McDougall Consulting Limited (BMC) has undertaken a comprehensive Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA Plus) of the seismic capacity of the building at the above noted address.

The seismic assessment and reporting have been undertaken in accordance with the qualitative procedures detailed in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings, Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments" issued by the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) and now cited in the Building (Earthquake-prone buildings) Amendment Act 2016 (which has now been integrated into the Building Act 2004) with reference to potentially earthquake prone buildings. BMC have included a simple calculation / assessment of an element of the building form(s) or structure(s) that BMC have assessed as limiting the global seismic capacity of the building.

#### This structural assessment includes:

- Review of existing building plans or production of a scale layout plan and review of any prior reports, if available.
- Undertaking interior and exterior visual inspection of exposed elements on-site, where access is available.
- Consideration of the general established geotechnical evidence for the site (from the initial 'Desktop Study' relevant to the CBD block by Geosolve Limited).
- Completion of an Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) spreadsheet(s).
- Engineering assessment and/or calculation of a primary or critical structural element that is considered to limit the global seismic capacity of the building.
- Production of a summary report.

The assessment is made with regard to Clause B1 – Structure of the New Zealand Building Code. No other Building Code Clauses have been assessed by this report.

This structural assessment is based on the visual evidence and indications present at the time of inspection. No specific invasive investigation work has been carried out (although wall thicknesses and wall/parapet heights may be determined). The findings of this report may therefore be subject to revision pending further and more detailed investigation or assessment and/or deterioration of elements from earthquake or ground settlement. This report does not address any hidden or latent defects that may have been incorporated in the original design and construction.

This assessment has been restricted to structural aspects only. Waterproofing elements, electrical and mechanical equipment, fire protection and safety systems, service connections, water supplies and sanitary fittings have not been reviewed, and secondary elements such as internal fit out have not been reviewed.

The scope of this evaluation is limited to the initial or first stage assessment of the potential performance of the building in an earthquake ONLY. No assessment has been made of other load cases such as wind, snow and gravity.



BMC's professional services are performed using a degree of care and skill normally exercised, under similar circumstances, by reputable consultants practicing in this field at this time. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the professional advice presented in this report.

This report is provided solely for use by HWCP Management Limited and shall not be relied on by any other parties without written approval from BMC.

# 3 Building Description

### 3.1 General Overview

The building is located at 18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill, as shown below in Figure 1. The building is a two-storey unreinforced masonry (URM) brick structure tenanted at both ground floor and first floor by Beauty and Beyond.



Figure 1 - Location of 18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill

The building was constructed circa 1910. \_The shopfront, facing Kelvin St, has full height glazing at ground level. The façade at the first floor has six square windows and a parapet extends above first floor. \_A shopfront canopy extends the full width of the shopfront. This building has "Tier 2" heritage status in the "Proposed Invercargill City District Plan", dated January 2017. The building description is summarised below in Table 1.



Building Feature	Description
Building address:	18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill
Ground plan footprint dimensions:	20.5 m x 6.6 m
First floor plan dimensions:	17.6 m x 6.6 m
Number of storeys:	2
Gross floor area (approximate):	250 m <sup>2</sup>
Building history:	Built circa 1910
Archive plan availability	Fitout alterations plan undertaken in 2003
Occupancy:	Retail
Importance Classification: (AS/NZS 1170.0:2002: Table 3.2)	IL2 Normal building
Heritage Classification:	Tier 2

Table 1: Building Description

# 3.2 Construction Materials & Configuration

The building plan is rectangular in plan with URM walls around the perimeter. The shopfront is at the east end of the building, facing Kelvin Street. The side walls are on the north and south sides of the building. A 2003 fitout floor plan drawing is shown below in Figure 2.

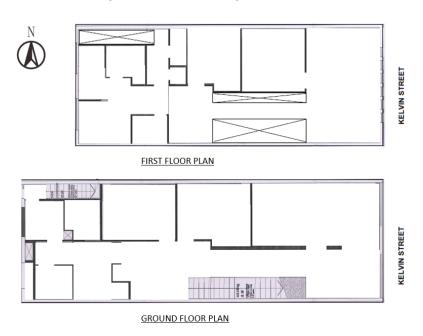


Figure 2 - Building floor plan at ground floor and first floor



The perimeter side walls and rear wall are full height and constructed of unreinforced masonry (URM), see Figure 3 for an image of the rear of the building. At the shopfront, the ground floor is 'open' with URM wall/piers above. The URM wall/piers are likely supported by a steel beam spanning between URM wall/piers across the shopfront. The canopy is supported by 4 braces attached to the URM piers and spandrel above first floor.

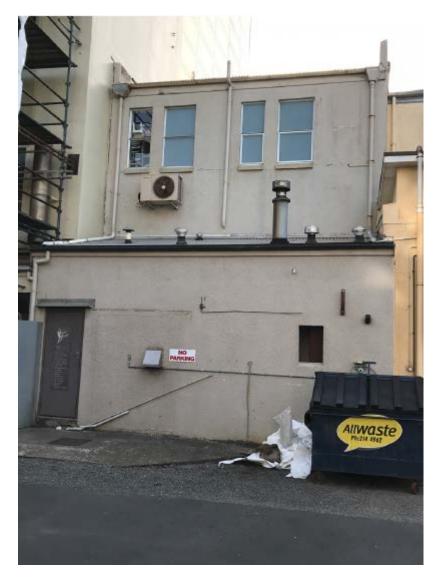


Figure 3 - Rear elevation of building

The roof is constructed of corrugated iron roofing. The roof framing was not visible. It is likely that roofing is supported by timber purlins spanning between timber trusses supported on perimeter URM side walls.

The first floor is constructed from timber planks on timber joists. The joists are supported by the perimeter URM side walls and interior supports. The first floor has a large opening at the central stairwell, as shown below in Figure 4.

The ground floor framing is assumed to be timber framing supported by timber piles. The URM brick walls are assumed to be supported on concrete strip footings.



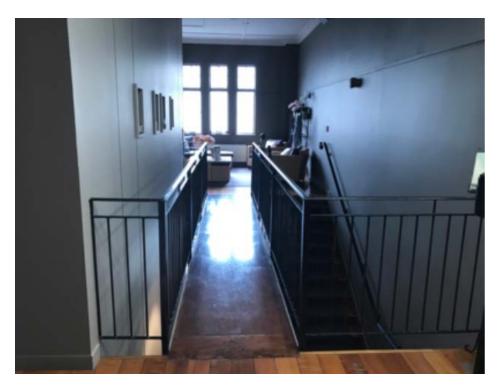


Figure 4 - First floor at stairwell opening

## 3.3 Lateral Load Resisting Structural System

The main components of the lateral load resisting system are perimeter URM walls and the timber diaphragms. At the first floor, the diaphragm is the timber floor framing. At roof level, the diaphragm is the timber roof framing and the corrugated iron roof.

The timber diaphragms and in-plane URM walls work together to transfer the seismic loads from each building level down to ground level. At each building level, the diaphragm spans horizontally, like a beam, between its support points – the in-plane URM walls. The diaphragm effectively distributes the seismic loads to the in-plane URM walls. The URM walls transfer the seismic loads to ground level. The lateral bracing system relies `on the in-plane shear capacity of URM walls, the strength of the timber diaphragm, and the connection of the timber diaphragm to the URM wall.

For this era and construction type, it was normal for timber floor framing to be supported in "pockets" in the URM wall. With this connection style, there are no positive connections from the timber diaphragm to the URM walls, just the timber floor joist bearing on the URM wall. At the rear of the building, the URM wall is discontinuous from first floor to ground floor. The wall steps out horizontally from first floor to ground floor.

For seismic loads in the east west direction (longitudinal direction), the lateral loads are resisted by the perimeter side walls.

For seismic loads in the north south direction (transverse direction), the lateral loads are resisted by the rear the URM wall and the shopfront URM wall piers. The first-floor rear URM wall does not continue to ground level. The ground level rear URM wall is offset approximately three metres from the first-floor rear wall. This horizontal



offset of URM walls creates a discontinuity in the load path of the lateral load resisting system. The shopfront elevation comprises of large openings creating a potential soft storey.

#### 3.4 Foundations & Geotechnical

There are no obvious signs of significant settlement in foundations or wall cracking. Foundation details are unknown. It is assumed that the URM walls sit on concrete footings.

A 'Desk Top' geotechnical study titled Invercargill CBD Project Stage 1 dated February 2018 by Geosolve Limited (Ref: 171019) has been completed. This study focussed on the likely ground conditions for the Old Government Life & Old Southland Times buildings but does relate generally to the CBD block as a whole.

Key findings from the Geosolve report that are likely to relate to this building assessment are:

- Ground / Soil Class D is to be used for the purposes of seismic assessment.
- Some liquefaction induced differential settlement is likely in a significant (ULS) seismic event.
- Bearing conditions for typical strip footings are less than 'good ground' as defined by NZS3604 (approximately half). Note BMC has not checked actual foundation bearing pressures for this building.

# 4 Building Inspection

#### 4.1 Documentation

Documentation received by BMC that was considered relevant to this report includes: -

Description	Revision	Issue Date
Fitout alteration drawings By: unknown	D	2003
Invercargill City: Central City Area Heritage Buildings Re-Assessment 2016  By: Dr. Andrea Farminer and Robin Miller	N/A	2016

### 4.2 Observations and/or Damage

The building was inspected by Andrew Marriott and Charlotte Corston of BMC on 26/02/2018. This was a visual inspection only. The inspection included both the internal and external accessible areas of the building. No invasive investigations were carried out.

Items of structural damage observed:

- Pounding damage
- Cracking in URM along rear elevation

The following photo images and observations and specific comments relate to the inspection. A complete photo record of the inspection is available on request.



No#	Photo	Comments
1	PHONE: 2141262  Seauty Beyond  beautybeyond.co.nz	Note there is no seismic gap to the adjacent buildings.  The shopfront has a potential soft storey.  Adjacent building to the north (Kelvin Hotel) is 8 stories.
2		Pounding damage observed between 18 Kevin St and the building to the north (Kelvin Hotel)



No#	Photo	Comments
3		Cracking in URM along base of window frames on the rear elevation, showing potential out-of-plane failure of this rear URM wall.
4		Step cracking to top right hand corner of the rear elevation of the building
5	Allwaste hade eng	URM wall along the rear elevation is not continuous between ground floor and first floor.

Table 2 – Photos of observations and damage



# 5 Assessment

## 5.1 Specific Calculations / Engineering Assessment

In the longitudinal direction (east west direction), the limiting element of the lateral load carrying capacity is the out-of-plane capacity of the URM wall at the shopfront and at the rear of the building. The out-of-plane capacity of this wall was calculated to be approximately 20%NBS (IL2). The shopfront wall was taken as 325mm thick, 8.5 m height (first floor to top of parapet) and supported on double steel beams above the open shopfront. The wall appears to have no positive connection to the timber diaphragm at first floor or at roof level. As such, the wall essentially cantilevers from its support point with little to no lateral support above. See out-of-plane calculation in the Appendix A.

In the transverse direction (north south direction), there is a soft storey critical structural weakness. A soft storey in a building occurs when a significantly more flexible building level supports a more rigid building level. This occurs at the shopfront, where a relatively heavy rigid first floor façade is supported by a "open" ground floor framing with no distinct lateral force resisting elements. At ground level, in the transverse direction, the only lateral load resisting element is the URM wall at the rear of the building.

In additional to the soft storey, the ground floor rear URM walls are offset horizontally to the first-floor rear wall by three metres. This off-set creates another discontinuity in the load path of the lateral load resisting system. The load path requires the timber diaphragm to distribute these loads to the in-plane URM walls. It is believed that the timber diaphragm is connected to the URM walls only by a friction connection. The timber diaphragm has a large opening at the stairwell, which decreases the shear capacity of the diaphragm.

Due to the soft storey critical structural weakness and the horizontal offset of the URM walls, it is estimated that the capacity of the building in the transverse direction is approximately 15-20%NBS (IL2).

### 5.2 IEP Spreadsheet Calculations

The NZ Society of Earthquake Engineers (NZSEE) has developed an assessment calculation (the IEP Spreadsheet) to be used in a preliminary estimation of the seismic capacity (Percentage of New Build Standard (%NBS)) of a building. This is primarily based on comparing the current seismic design Loadings Code (NZS1170.5) in 2018 with the seismic design load at the time the building was designed. It assumes that the original design was built to at least 100%NBS of the design load at this time. It allows for other 'engineering judgement' and observation factors to be incorporated but the process is at best a preliminary estimation.

BMC has carried out an IEP assessment for this building. The results were 15%NBS (IL2). The lateral capacity of the building is limited by the soft storey weakness and the age of the building.

The IEP assessment of this building therefore indicates an overall score of 15%NBS (IL2) corresponding to a 'Grade E' building as defined by the New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering (NZSEE) building grading scheme. This is below the threshold for earthquake prone buildings (34%NBS) and below the threshold for earthquake risk buildings (67%NBS) as recommended by the NZSEE. The IEP Spreadsheets are (for both parts of the building) included as Appendix A.



# 6 Seismic Restraint of Non-Structural Items

During an earthquake, the safety of people can be put at risk due to non-structural items falling on them. These items should be adequately seismically restrained, where possible, to the NZS 4219:2009 "The Seismic Performance of Engineering Systems in Buildings".

An assessment has not been made of the bracing of the false ceilings, in-ceiling ducting, services and plant or contents. These issues are outside the scope of this initial assessment but could be the subject of another investigation. False (or suspended) ceilings exist on both ground and first floor levels of this building.

# 7 Continued Occupancy Recommendations

Based on our assessment of the building, BMC considers continued occupancy is appropriate for 6-12 months subject to the conditions of the Building (Earthquake-prone buildings) Amendment Act 2016.

If required, a Detailed Seismic Assessment (DSA) or a more detailed assessment could be carried out with intrusive investigation work into the nature and capacity of the timber framing connections to the front and rear URM walls at the roof and first floor level. This more detailed assessment could enable an understanding of other aspects of its seismic performance and potentially raise the lateral capacity of the building to above 34%NBS.

## 8 Conclusions

Based on our assessment, the building has a seismic load carrying capacity of less than 34%NBS and the building, therefore, is considered to be potentially Earthquake Prone as defined by the Building Act.

This building has "Tier 2" heritage status in the "Proposed Invercargill City District Plan", dated January 2017.

If a more defined level of performance is required, then a DSA would need to be carried out.

For more summary comments, refer to the Executive Summary.



# APPENDIX A - NZSEE IEP Spreadsheet & Out-of-Plane Wall Calculation

### Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for {Client/TA}

Page 1

**WARNING!!** This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in the "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

Job No.: Street Number & Name: 18 Kelvin St 1711-2266 AKA: By: Charlotte Corston Name of building: **Beauty and Beyond** Date: 9/04/2018 City: Invercargill Revision No.:

#### **Table IEP-1 Initial Evaluation Procedure Step 1**

#### Step 1 - General Information

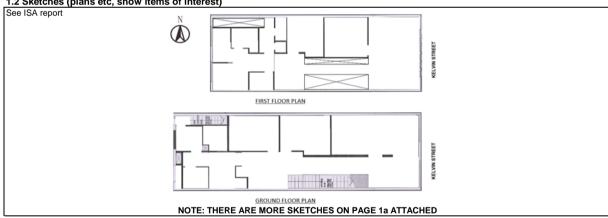
1.1 Photos (attach sufficient to describe building)

See ISA report



NOTE: THERE ARE MORE PHOTOS ON PAGE 1a ATTACHED

1.2 Sketches (plans etc, show items of interest)



1.3 List relevant features (Note:	only 10 lines of text will print in thi	s box. If further text requi	red use Page 1a)
See ISA report			
1.4 Note information sources	Tick as appropriate		
Visual Inspection of Exterior	✓ ✓	Specifications	
Visual Inspection of Interior Drawings (note type)	<ul><li>✓</li></ul>	Geotechnical Reports Other (list)	
2002 Eitour alteration drawings			
2003 Fitour alteration drawings			

treet Number KA:		18 Kelvin St		Job No.: By:	1711-2266 Charlotte Corston
ame of buildi		Beauty and Beyond		Date:	9/04/2018
ity:		Invercargill		Revision No	D.:
able IEP-2	Initial Evalu	ation Procedure Step 2			
	mination of (%NE				
	) for particular building nominal <i>(%NBS)</i> =			1	<b>-</b>
i Determine i	10111111a1 (761 <b>45</b> 3) =	(/orebs/ <sub>nom</sub>	<u>Longitud</u>	linal	<u>Transverse</u>
a) Building St	rengthening Data		_		
Tick if buil	ding is known to have	been strengthened in this direction			
If strength	ened, enter percentaç	ge of code the building has been strengther	ned to N/A		N/A
h) V( D	· (0	No. 11 May 17 may 2011 1 Octobrilla 7 may			
b) Year of Des	ign/Strengtnening, E	Building Type and Seismic Zone	Pre 1935		Pre 1935 🌘
			1935-1965	0	Pre 1935 <b>●</b> 1935-1965 <b>○</b>
			1965-1976	Ö	1965-1976
			1976-1984	0	1976-1984 (
			1984-1992 1992-2004	0	1984-1992 O 1992-2004 O
			2004-2011	0	1992-2004 O 2004-2011 O
			Post Aug 2011	0	Post Aug 2011
			21		Others
		Building Typ		lia ala la	Others
c) Soil Type		Seismic Zon	e: Not app	licable	Not applicable
c) Soil Type	From NZS1170.5:20	04, CI 3.1.3 :	D Soft Soil	•	D Soft Soil
	From NZS4203:1992 (for 1992 to 2004 an		Not app	licable	Not applicable
d) Estimate P	eriod T				
Comment:			$h_n = 8.5$		8.5 m
			A <sub>c</sub> = 1.00		1.00 m²
Momont Po	esisting Congrete From	nes: $T = \max\{0.09h_0^{0.75}, 0.4\}$			0
	sisting Concrete Fransisting Steel Frames:		0		0
Eccentrical	ly Braced Steel Frame	PS: $T = \max\{0.08h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$	0		
	ame Structures:	$T = \max\{0.06h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$	0		0 0 0
Concrete S Masonry St		$T = \max\{0.09h_n^{0.75}/A_c^{0.5}, T \le 0.4 \text{sec}$	0.4}		0
	ed (input Period):	0000	Ö		Ö
	Where $h_n = heightarrow h_n = heightarrow h_n = heightarrow heightarrow has been been been been been been been bee$	ght in metres from the base of the structure to the			
	uppermost seisr	nic weight or mass.	T: 0.40	_	0.40
e) Factor A:	Strengthening factor dete if not strengthened)	ermined using result from (a) above (set to 1.0	Factor A: 1.00		1.00
f) Factor B:	Determined from NZSEE results (a) to (e) above	Guidelines Figure 3A.1 using	Factor B: 0.03		0.03
g) Factor C:	For reinforced concrete b C = 1.2, otherwise take a	ouildings designed between 1976-84 Factor as 1.0.	Factor C: 1.00		1.00
h) Factor D:		rior to 1935 Factor D = 0.8 except for Wellington where Factor D may be taken as 1.0, otherwise	Factor D: 0.80		0.80
			(%NBS) <sub>nom</sub> 2%		

WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

nitial Evaluation Proced					
Street Number & Name:	18 Kelvin St		J	lob No.:	1711-2266
KA:			E	Зу:	<b>Charlotte Corston</b>
ame of building:	Beauty and Be	yond	[	Date:	9/04/2018
ity:	Invercargill		F	Revision No.:	
able IEP-2 Initial Eva	luation Proced	dure Step 2	continued		
2 Near Fault Scaling Factor, F If $T \le 1.5$ sec, Factor E = 1	Factor E				_
			<u>Longitudinal</u>		Transverse
a) Near Fault Factor, N(T,D) (from NZS1170.5:2004, Cl 3.1.6)			N(T,D): 1		1
b) Factor E		= 1/N(T,D)	Factor E: 1.00		1.00
3 Hazard Scaling Factor, Fact	tor F				
a) Hazard Factor, Z, for site Location		_	Refer right for user-defined location	ne	
		7,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	113	
Z			5:2004, Table 3.3)		
$Z_{1992}                                   $		-	Zone Factor from accompanying Figure 3.5(b)) 5:2004, Table 3.3)		
b) Factor F	0.17	(11011114201170.	5.255 ., Table 5.5)		
For pre 1992	=	1/ <i>Z</i>			
For 1992-2011	=	$Z_{1992}/Z$			
For post 2011	=	$Z_{2004}\!/\!Z$			
			Factor F: 5.88		5.88
_	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and	known to be design			1
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings de- public building set to 1.25. For building	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)	known to be design	ed as a $I = \boxed{ \begin{tabular}{c} 1 \\ \\ R_o = \boxed{ \begin{tabular}{c} 1 \\ \\ \end{tabular}}$	O4 O1	1 1
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings despublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A ob)  Design Risk Factor, Ro (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)	known to be design 1984 set I value.)	ed as a $I = \boxed{ \begin{tabular}{c} 1 \\ \\ R_o = \boxed{ \begin{tabular}{c} 1 \\ \\ \end{tabular}}$	<b>○</b> 4 <b>○</b> 1	
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings despublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A ob)  Design Risk Factor, Ro (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)	known to be design 1984 set I value.)	ed as a $I = \boxed{1}$ $R_0 = \boxed{1}$	O4 O1	©2
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings despublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, Roward (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roward (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Importance) d) Factor G  5 Ductility Scaling Factor, Factor, Available Displacement Duction (set to 1.0 if nother than 1976-2004)	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =	known to be design 1984 set I value.) <u>Choose Impo</u> IR <sub>o</sub> /R	ed as a $I = \boxed{1}$ $R_0 = \boxed{1}$	O4 O1	<ul><li></li></ul>
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings despublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A of the set of	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =	known to be design 1984 set I value.) <u>Choose Impo</u> IR <sub>o</sub> /R	ed as a $I = \boxed{1}$ $R_0 = \boxed{1}$	<b>○</b> 4 <b>○</b> 1	<b>⊚</b> 2
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep ublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, Ro (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Impo	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =	known to be design 1984 set I value.) <u>Choose Impo</u> IR <sub>o</sub> /R	ed as a $I = \boxed{1}$ $R_0 = \boxed{1}$	O4 O1	<ul><li></li></ul>
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A of the set	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =	known to be design 1984 set I value.) <u>Choose Impo</u> IR <sub>o</sub> /R	Robotance Level O1 $\bigcirc$ 2 O3 R = 1.00  Factor G: 1.00 $\mu = \frac{1.25}{1.25}$	O4 O1	1.00 1.25
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep ublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, Ro (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Impo	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H  lity Within Existing \$	known to be design 1984 set I value.) <u>Choose Impo</u> IR <sub>o</sub> /R  Structure	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$	O4 ○1	1.00  1.25
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, Ro (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Impo	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =	known to be design 1984 set I value.) <u>Choose Impo</u> IR <sub>o</sub> /R  Structure	Robotance Level O1 $\bigcirc$ 2 O3 R = 1.00  Factor G: 1.00 $\mu = \frac{1.25}{1.25}$	O4 ○1	1.00 1.25
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings det public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A o b) Design Risk Factor, R <sub>o</sub> (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Impo d) Factor G  5 Ductility Scaling Factor, Fa a) Available Displacement Ducti Comment: URM Shear Walls b) Factor H	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Impo	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R = 1.0$ Factor G: 1.00 $\mu = 1.25$ $\mu = 1.14$ $= 1$ Factor H: 1.14	O4 ○1	1.00  1.25  k <sub>u</sub> 1.14
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, Ro (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Impo	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Impo	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R = 1.0$ Factor G: 1.00 $\mu = 1.25$ $\mu = 1.14$ $= 1$ Factor H: 1.14	O4 ○1	1.00  1.25
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings of the public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A of the public building set to 1.33 for Zone A of the public building set to 1.35 for Zone A of the public building set to 1.36 for Zone A of the public building set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Imposite the public set of the	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards c Spectrum Scaling Factor, sling Factor, Facto	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Impo	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R = 1.0$ Factor G: 1.00 $\mu = 1.25$ $\mu = 1.14$ $= 1$ Factor H: 1.14	O4 O1	1.00  1.25
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deepublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A of the set of	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards c Spectrum Scaling Factor, aling Factor, Facto or, Sp	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Impoured IRo/R  Structure  imum of 2)  , from accompanying	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R = 1.0$ Factor G: 1.00 $\mu = 1.25$ $\mu = 1.14$ $= 1$ Factor H: 1.14	O4 O1	1.00  1.25
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep ublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, R <sub>o</sub> (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Imposite of the set of the s	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r 1.2 for Zone B. For 1976- not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards c Spectrum Scaling Factor, aling Factor, Facto or, Sp	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Impoured IRo/R  Structure  imum of 2)  , from accompanying	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R = 1.0$ Factor G: 1.00 $\mu = 1.25$ $\mu = 1.14$ $= 1$ Factor H: 1.14	O4 O1	1.00  1.25   K <sub>n</sub> 1.14 1 1.14
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep ublic building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, R <sub>o</sub> (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Importance August 1.00 for NZS1170.0:2004 Building Importance Gallery Scaling Factor, Fact	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r1.2 for Zone B. For 1976-not known)  attance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards c Spectrum Scaling Factor, Sp. cruction in this direction in this dire	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Import IR <sub>o</sub> /R  Structure  imum of 2)  , from accompanying	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0$	O4 O1	1.00  1.00  1.25   K <sub>n</sub> 1.14 1 1.14
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings deep buildings et to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A or b) Design Risk Factor, R <sub>o</sub> (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Factor in the section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004 Building Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or c) Return Period Factor, Roman Importance of Section 1.0 i	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r1.2 for Zone B. For 1976-not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards c Spectrum Scaling Factor, Facto or, S p  truction in this direction	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Import IRo/R  Structure  imum of 2)  , from accompanying r I  n  = 1/Sp	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0$	O4 O1	1.00  1.25   K <sub>n</sub> 1.14 1 1.14
(Set to 1 if not known. For buildings de public building set to 1.25. For building public building set to 1.33 for Zone A o  b) Design Risk Factor, R <sub>o</sub> (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or  c) Return Period Factor, R (from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Impo	signed prior to 1965 and kn s designed 1965-1976 and r1.2 for Zone B. For 1976-not known)  rtance Level)  =  ctor H lity Within Existing \$  For pre 1976 (max For 1976 onwards c Spectrum Scaling Factor, Facto or, S p  truction in this direction	known to be design 1984 set I value.)  Choose Import IRo/R  Structure  imum of 2)  , from accompanying r I  n  = 1/Sp	ed as a $I = 1$ $R_0 = 1$ $R_0$	O4 O1	1.00  1.00  1.25   K <sub>n</sub> 1.14 1 1.14

**WARNING!!** This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

	18 Kelvin St				ob No.:	1711-2266
A: ma of building:	Reguty and Re	vond			y: ato:	Charlotte Corston
me of building: y:	Beauty and Be Invercargill	yona			ate: evision No.:	9/04/2018
p 3 - Assessment of Per er Appendix B - Section B3.2)						
ongitudinal Direction						
potential CSWs		Effect on Struct (Choose a value -				Fact
Plan Irregularity  Effect on Structural Performa  Comment	ance 🔘 Severe	O Si	ignificant		Insignificant	Factor A 1.0
Vertical Irregularity Effect on Structural Performa Comment	ance O Severe	O Si	ignificant		Insignificant	Factor B 1.0
Short Columns Effect on Structural Performa Comment	ance O Severe	O Si	ignificant			Factor C 1.0
Pounding Potential (Estimate D1 and D2 and so ) Factor D1: - Pounding Effe  Note: Values given assume the	ect			•		red to be minimal)
Table for Selection	n of Factor D1  Alignment of Floors withi	Separation	or D1 For Lon Severe 0 <sep<.005h< td=""><td>Significant</td><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H</td><td></td></sep<.005h<>	Significant	Insignificant Sep>.01H	
Aligi		Separation in 20% of Storey Height	Severe 0 <sep<.005h< th=""><th>Significant .005<sep<.01h< th=""><th>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H</th><th></th></sep<.01h<></th></sep<.005h<>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h< th=""><th>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H</th><th></th></sep<.01h<>	Insignificant Sep>.01H	
,	Alignment of Floors withi	Separation in 20% of Storey Height in 20% of Storey Height	Severe 0 <sep<.005h O1</sep<.005h 	Significant .005 <sep<.01h O1</sep<.01h 	Insignificant Sep>.01H  1 00.8	
Align Comment	Alignment of Floors within nament of Floors not within the Difference Effect	Separation in 20% of Storey Height in 20% of Storey Height	Severe 0 <sep<.005h d2="" for="" lon="" o0.4="" o1="" or="" severe<="" td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h dire="" gitudinal="" o0.7="" o1="" significant<="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  1 0.8  Co.8</td><td></td></sep<.01h></td></sep<.005h>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h dire="" gitudinal="" o0.7="" o1="" significant<="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  1 0.8  Co.8</td><td></td></sep<.01h>	Insignificant Sep>.01H  1 0.8  Co.8	
Align Comment  b) Factor D2: - Heigh	Alignment of Floors within ment of Floors not within the Difference Effect  In of Factor D2  Height L  Height D	Separation in 20% of Storey Height in 20% of Storey Height	Severe 0 <sep<.005h d2="" for="" lon="" o0.4="" o1="" or="" severe<="" td=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h o0.7<="" o1="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  1 00.8  Octoor: 1.0</td><td></td></sep<.01h></td></sep<.005h>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h o0.7<="" o1="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  1 00.8  Octoor: 1.0</td><td></td></sep<.01h>	Insignificant Sep>.01H  1 00.8  Octoor: 1.0	
Align Comment  b) Factor D2: - Heigh	Alignment of Floors within ment of Floors not within the Difference Effect  In of Factor D2  Height L  Height D	Separation in 20% of Storey Height in 20% of Storey Height  Fact  Difference > 4 Storeys ifference 2 to 4 Storeys	Severe 0 <sep<.005h O1 O0.4 or D2 For Lon Severe 0<sep<.005h O0.4 O0.7</sep<.005h </sep<.005h 	Significant .005 <sep<.01h .005<sep<.01h="" dire="" gitudinal="" o0.7="" o1="" o1.7="" o1.9<="" significant="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  1 00.8  Color 1.0  Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  O1 O1</td><td></td></sep<.01h>	Insignificant Sep>.01H  1 00.8  Color 1.0  Insignificant Sep>.01H  O1 O1	
Align Comment  b) Factor D2: - Heigh  Table for Selection  Comment	Alignment of Floors within ment of Floors not within the Difference Effect on of Factor D2  Height D  Height D  Height D	Separation in 20% of Storey Height in 20% of Storey Height  Facto  Difference > 4 Storeys ifference 2 to 4 Storeys t Difference < 2 Storeys	Severe 0 <sep<.005h O1 O0.4 or D2 For Lon Severe 0<sep<.005h O0.4 O0.7 O1</sep<.005h </sep<.005h 	Significant .005 <sep<.01h .005<sep<.01h="" dire="" gitudinal="" o0.7="" o0.9="" o1="" o1<="" significant="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  O0.8  Pection: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O1 O1 O1</td><td>Factor D 1.0</td></sep<.01h>	Insignificant Sep>.01H  O0.8  Pection: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O1 O1 O1	Factor D 1.0
Align Comment  b) Factor D2: - Heigh  Table for Selection	Alignment of Floors within ment of Floors not within the Difference Effect on of Factor D2  Height D  Height D  Height D  Height D	Separation in 20% of Storey Height in 20% of Storey Height  Fact  Difference > 4 Storeys ifference 2 to 4 Storeys t Difference < 2 Storeys unefaction etc as it affects	Severe 0 <sep<.005h O1 O0.4 or D2 For Lon Severe 0<sep<.005h O0.4 O0.7 O1</sep<.005h </sep<.005h 	Significant .005 <sep<.01h .005<sep<.01h="" dire="" gitudinal="" o0.7="" o0.9="" o1="" o1<="" significant="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H  O0.8  Pection: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O1 O1 O1</td><td>Factor D 1.0</td></sep<.01h>	Insignificant Sep>.01H  O0.8  Pection: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O1 O1 O1	Factor D 1.0
Align Comment  b) Factor D2: - Heigh  Table for Selection  Comment  Site Characteristics - State  Effect on Structural Perform	Alignment of Floors within ment of Floors not within the Difference Effect and Factor D2  Height D Height D Height D Height D Severe	Separation in 20% of Storey Height in 20% of Storey Height  Fact  Difference > 4 Storeys ifference 2 to 4 Storeys t Difference < 2 Storeys usefaction etc as it affects	Severe 0 <sep<.005h 0<sep<.005h="" d2="" for="" for:<="" ling="" lon="" o0.7="" o04="" o1="" or="" p="" s="" severe="" significant="" structural="" td="" the=""><td>Significant .005<sep<.01h .005<sep<.01h="" dire="" erformance="" fror<="" gitudinal="" o.7="" o.9="" o0.7="" o1="" significant="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H ①1 ①0.8  Dection: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1</td><td>Factor D 1.0</td></sep<.01h></td></sep<.005h>	Significant .005 <sep<.01h .005<sep<.01h="" dire="" erformance="" fror<="" gitudinal="" o.7="" o.9="" o0.7="" o1="" significant="" td=""><td>Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H ①1 ①0.8  Dection: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1</td><td>Factor D 1.0</td></sep<.01h>	Insignificant Sep>.01H ①1 ①0.8  Dection: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1 ①1	Factor D 1.0

nitial Evaluation Proced	lure (IEP) Assessment - Com	pieteu ioi ¿Cile			
Street Number & Name: AKA:	18 Kelvin St		Jo By	b No.: /:	1711-2266 Charlotte Corston
lame of building: City:	Beauty and Beyond Invercargill			nte: evision No.:	9/04/2018
able IEP-3 Initial Eva	aluation Procedure Step 3 ormance Achievement Ratio (PAR	)			
) Transverse Direction					
potential CSWs		itructural Performa			Factor
1 Plan Irregularity  Effect on Structural Performan	<u> </u>	Significant		O Insignificant	Factor A 0.7
Horizontal step - Rear wall ste  2 Vertical Irregularity	eps				
Effect on Structural Performan Soft Storey	nce O Severe	Significant		O Insignificant	Factor B 0.7
3 Short Columns  Effect on Structural Performan  Comment	nce O Severe (	⊃ Significant		Insignificant	Factor C 1.0
a) Factor D1: - Pounding Effect					
may be reduced by taking	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff b the coefficient to the right of the value a	pplicable to frame be	uildings. nsverse Dire	ction: 1.0	
Note: Values given assume the k may be reduced by taking  Table for Selection	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff b the coefficient to the right of the value a	Factor D1 For Tran Severe on 0 <sep<.005h .0<="" td=""><td>uildings. nsverse Dire</td><td></td><td></td></sep<.005h>	uildings. nsverse Dire		
Note: Values given assume the k may be reduced by taking  Table for Selection	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff be the coefficient to the right of the value a of Factor D1	Factor D1 For Tran Severe on 0 <sep<.005h .0<="" td=""><td>nsverse Dire Significant I</td><td>ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H</td><td></td></sep<.005h>	nsverse Dire Significant I	ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H	
Note: Values given assume the k may be reduced by taking  Table for Selection	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff be the coefficient to the right of the value and of Factor D1  Separation in the structure of Floors within 20% of Storey Heigment of Floors not within 20%	Factor D1 For Tran Severe on 0 <sep<.005h .0="" out.<="" td="" tht=""><td>nsverse Directions of the control of</td><td>ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O0.8</td><td></td></sep<.005h>	nsverse Directions of the control of	ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O0.8	
Note: Values given assume the barrier may be reduced by taking  Table for Selection All Alignment	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff be the coefficient to the right of the value approximately of Factor D1  Separation of Floors within 20% of Storey Heigment of Floors not within 20% of Storey Heigment of Floors not within 20% of Storey Heigment of Floors Rot Within 20% of Storey	Factor D1 For Transe by Severe On 0 <sep<.005h .0="" 0<sep<.005h="" by="" d2="" factor="" for="" o0.4="" o0.4<="" on="" severe="" td="" tht="" transe=""><td>nsverse Directions of the control of</td><td>ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant</td><td></td></sep<.005h>	nsverse Directions of the control of	ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant	
Note: Values given assume the base may be reduced by taking  Table for Selection All Alignation Comment b) Factor D2: - Height I	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff be the coefficient to the right of the value approximately of Factor D1  Separation of Floors within 20% of Storey Heigment of Floors not within 20% of Storey Heigment of Floors not within 20% of Storey Heigment of Floors Rot Within 20% of Storey	Factor D1 For Transe by Severe on 0 <sep<.005h .0="" by="" d2="" factor="" for="" htt="" o0.4="" over="" over<="" severe="" td="" transe=""><td>nsverse Directions of the control of</td><td>ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4</td><td></td></sep<.005h>	nsverse Directions of the control of	ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4	
Note: Values given assume the bar may be reduced by taking  Table for Selection All Alignation Comment b) Factor D2: - Height I	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff be the coefficient to the right of the value and of Factor D1  Separation of Floors within 20% of Storey Heignment of Floors not within 20% of Storey Heignment of Floors not within 20% of Storey Heignment of Factor D2  Height Difference > 4 Storey Height Difference > 2 to 4 Storey Height Difference 2 to 4 S	Factor D1 For Transe by Severe on 0 <sep<.005h .0="" by="" d2="" factor="" for="" htt="" o0.4="" over="" over<="" severe="" td="" transe=""><td>nsverse Directions of the control of</td><td>ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O1 O1</td><td>Factor D 0.4</td></sep<.005h>	nsverse Directions of the control of	ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O1 O1	Factor D 0.4
Note: Values given assume the barrier may be reduced by taking  Table for Selection All Alignment b) Factor D2: - Height I	ouilding has a frame structure. For stiff be the coefficient to the right of the value and of Factor D1  Separation ignment of Floors within 20% of Storey Height of Floors not within 20% of Storey Height Difference Effect  Height Difference > 4 Store Height Difference 2 to 4 Store Height Difference < 2 Store  Height Difference < 2 Store	Factor D1 For Transe by Severe on 0 <sep<.005h .0="" 0<se<="" 0<sep="0.0" 0<sep<.005h="" by="" d2="" factor="" for="" o0.4="" severe="" td="" that="" the="" tht="" transe=""><td>nsverse Directions of the control of</td><td>ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O1 O1 O1</td><td><u> </u></td></sep<.005h>	nsverse Directions of the control of	ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O1 O1 O1	<u> </u>
Note: Values given assume the base reduced by taking  Table for Selection All Alignar Comment b) Factor D2: - Height I  Table for Selection Comment  Comment  Site Characteristics - Stabil Effect on Structural Performant Comment	puilding has a frame structure. For stiff be the coefficient to the right of the value approach to the coefficient to the right of the value approach to the coefficient to the right of the value approach to the coefficient to the right 20% of Storey Height of Floors not within 20% of Storey Height Difference Effect  Height Difference > 4 Store Height Difference < 2 Store  Height Difference < 2 Store  Which is a sixty of the sixty	Factor D1 For Transe by Severe on 0 <sep<.005h .0="" .00="" 0<sep<.005h="" by="" d2="" factor="" for="" o0.4="" o0.7="" per="" sects="" severe="" significant<="" structural="" td="" the="" transe="" white=""><td>nsverse Directions of the control of</td><td>ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant Sep&gt;.01H O1 O1</td><td>pective</td></sep<.005h>	nsverse Directions of the control of	ction: 1.0 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1 O0.8  ction: 0.4 Insignificant Sep>.01H O1	pective

Initial Evaluation P	Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Comple	ted for {Client/TA}	Page 6
Street Number & Name AKA: Name of building: City:	18 Kelvin St  Beauty and Beyond Invercargill	Job No.:  By:  Date:  Revision No.:	1711-2266 Charlotte Corston 9/04/2018
Table IEP-4 Init	ial Evaluation Procedure Steps 4, 5, 6	and 7	
Step 4 - Percentage o	f New Building Standard (%NBS)	Longitudinal	Transverse
4.1 Assessed Baselin (from Table IEP -	e %NBS (%NBS) <sub>b</sub>	17%	17%
4.2 Performance Achi (from Table IEP -	ievement Ratio (PAR) 2)	1.00	0.20
4.3 PAR x Baseline (%	6NBS) <sub>b</sub>	15%	15%
_	Building Standard (%NBS) - Seismic Rating values from Step 4.3)		15%
Step 5 - Is %NBS < 34	1?		YES
Step 6 - Potentially Ea	arthquake Risk (is <i>%NBS</i> < 67)?		YES
Step 7 - Provisional G	rading for Seismic Risk based on IEP	Seismic Grade	Е
Additional Commen	ts (items of note affecting IEP based seismic rating)		
Relationship k	petween Grade and %NBS:		

Grade:	A+	Α	В	C	ט	E
%NBS:	> 100	100 to 80	79 to 67	66 to 34	< 34 to 20	< 20

WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

### Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for {Client/TA}

Page 7

Street Number & Name:	18 Kelvin St	Job No.:	1711-2266
AKA:		By:	Charlotte Corston
Name of building:	Beauty and Beyond	Date:	9/04/2018
City:	Invercargill	Revision No.:	

#### Table IEP-5 **Initial Evaluation Procedure Step 8**

Step 8 - Identification of potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs) that could result in significant risk to a significant number of occupants

8.1 Number of storeys above ground level

8.2 Presence of heavy concrete floors and/or concrete roof? (Y/N)

### Potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs):

Note: Options that are greyed out are not applicable and need not be considered.

Occupancy not considered to be significant - no further consideration required.

Risk not considered to be significant - no further consideration required.

The following potential Severe Structural Weaknesses (SSWs) have been identified in the building that could result in significant risk to a significant number of occupants:

- 2. Weak or soft storey (except top storey)
- 3. Brittle columns and/or beam-column joints the deformations of which are
- 4. Flat slab buildings with lateral capacity reliant on low ductility slab-to-column
- 6. Ledge and gap stairs

IEP Assessment Confirmed by Signature Andrew Marriott Name 72638

WARNING!! This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.

CPEng. No

Revision No.:

City:

#### Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for {Client/TA} Page 1a Job No.: Street Number & Name: 18 Kelvin St 1711-2266 AKA: Ву: **Charlotte Corston** Beauty and Beyond Invercargill Name of building: Date: 9/04/2018

#### Table IEP-1a **Additional Photos and Sketches**

Add any additional photographs, notes or sketches required below:

**WARNING!!** This initial evaluation has been carried out solely as an initial seismic assessment of the building following the procedure set out "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings" Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments, July 2017. This spreadsheet must be read in conjunction with the limitations set out in the accompanying report, and should not be relied on by any party for any other purpose. Detailed inspections and engineering calculations, or engineering judgements based on them, have not been undertaken, and these may lead to a different result or seismic grade.



www.bmconsult.co.nz

18 Kelvin Street - ISA Plus

18 Kelvin Street, Invercargill

1711-2266 Apr-18 CJC

Subject: URM wall out of plane capacity check of shopfront elevation

 $C_p (T_p)$ 

 $C_{p}(0.75)$  $C_{hc}(0.75)$ 

 $C_p$  (0.75)

<b>URM Wall Properties</b>				
$\gamma_{wall}$	18	kN/m³		
t <sub>w nom</sub>	0.325	m		
t <sub>w eff</sub>	0.319	m		
$Q_{Cladding}$	0	kPa		
h	5	m		
W	29.3	kN		
$e_b$	0.109	m		
Уb	2.50	m		
γ	1.49	participation		
$T_p$	1.81	sec		
$\Delta_{i}$	0.22	m		
$\Delta_{m}$	0.07	m		
$D_nh$	0.34	m		

NZS 1170.5 (2004) parameters
------------------------------

0.28

1.48 g

1.10 g

Soil Class	D				
C <sub>h</sub> (0)	1.12	From Table	3.1, use valu	ies in brackets	
N(T,D)	1	Refer to Sec	ction 3.1.6		
Z	0.17	Refer to Sec	Refer to Section 3.1.4		
R	1	Refer to Sed	ction 3.1.5		
C(0)	0.19				
$R_P$	1	From Table	8.1		
$h_n$	8.5	m (Total He	eight)		
h <sub>i</sub>	6	m (Average height of part)			
$C_{Hi}$	2.00	<u>Case</u>	Applicable	C <sub>Hi</sub>	
$C_{hc}(T_p)$	0.75	h <sub>i</sub> < 12 m	YES	2	

Applicable	C <sub>Hi</sub>
YES	2
NO	N/A
YES	3
	YES NO

## **Anchorage Design**

%NBS

Phone: (03) 443 4531

0.06  $C_{\mathsf{m}}$ g  $C_{con}(0.75)$ 0.06 g F\*<sub>top</sub> 1.9 kΝ

19

