INITIAL SEISMIC ASSESSMENT REPORT (ISA PLUS)

48 Tay Street, Invercargill



Client Name: HWCP Management Ltd

BMC Reference: 1711-2266

Date Issued: 9/04/2018



Quality Statement and Document Control

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Issue Register:

Revision	Date	Description		
	9/04/2018	ISA (Plus)		
		Prepared by	Reviewed by	Approved by
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Revision History:

Rev. No	Date	Issue Description	Prepared by	Reviewed by

1711-2266 1 Rev A. 9 April 2018



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1 Executive Summary

The following report covers the Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA Plus) of the building at 48 Tay Street, Invercargill. The building has been classified as having a "Tier 2" heritage being a site of local significance in the "Proposed Invercargill City Council Plan", dated January 2017. However, in the Invercargill City Central City Area Heritage Building Review Re-assessment of November 2016 it was recommended for "Removal from the list" due to it having "No streetscape value and low historical or other values".

The building comprises 3 distinct structural but conjoined elements; the main and Tay street facing element is a two storey building, the second is a smaller single storey element which is an extension to the retail floor to the rear of the main element; and the third is a small two storey element set to the rear of the site and incorporating storage areas at ground floor and an unused staff room at first floor. To the main element the ground floor is the retail floor and storage areas and first floor is being used for minimal storage and accommodation rooms but is mostly unused. The building elements are all constructed of unreinforced masonry (URM) bricks to walls with timber roof constructions the main elements timber first floor is supported by down stand steel beams. The building was constructed circa 1910 and the frontage remodelled circa 1956. The building is located in the Invercargill CBD. This location is a 'medium' seismic risk region with a seismic hazard factor of 0.17. For comparison Christchurch has a seismic hazard factor of 0.3 and is a 'high' seismic risk region, while Dunedin has a seismic hazard factor of 0.13 and is a 'low' seismic risk region.

Documentation available to BMC for the purposes of this assessment is summarised in Section 4.1. This assessment is based on these documents and site visit observations only. For the purposes of this evaluation, the above described building has been assessed as a structure of Importance Level 2 (IL2) – Normal Building.

The primary lateral load resisting wall elements (and general structural elements) are considered to be in a fair to poor condition for its age and the rear element was considered to be at risk of localised collapse following this inspection and immediate make safe works were erected.

BMC have completed an NZSEE Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) spreadsheet. In addition BMC has provided an assessment of the out-of-plane performance of a critical URM wall.

From this assessment the building is considered to have a lateral load carrying capacity of 10-20% New Building Standard (IL2) as follows,

Location	Building %NBS (IL2)	Seismic Grade	Limiting performance
Retail Unit	Retail Unit 10-20%NBS E		Out-of-plane capacity of West and East side boundary URM walls

Refer to section 5 for explanation and summary of assessment

A 'Desk Top' geotechnical assessment from nearby sites has been referenced in relation to likely geotechnical conditions for this site. The building has shallow strip footing foundations which will likely be subject to some differential settlement as a result of liquefaction under a significant (ULS) seismic event.

Our ISA Plus found that the building at 48 Tay Street, Invercargill has a capacity less than 34%NBS(IL2), and the building, therefore, is considered to be potentially Earthquake Prone as defined in the Building Act 2004.



Note the ISA is considered to provide a relatively quick, high-level and mostly qualitative measure of the building's performance. If a more defined level of performance is required then a Detailed Seismic Assessment (DSA) would need to be carried out.



2 Scope of Our Engagement

As requested by HWCP Management Ltd, we have undertaken a comprehensive Initial Seismic Assessment (ISA Plus) of the seismic capacity of the building at the above noted address.

The seismic assessment and reporting have been undertaken in accordance with the qualitative procedures detailed in "The Seismic Assessment of Existing Buildings, Technical Guidelines for Engineering Assessments" issued by the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) and now cited in the Building (Earthquake-prone Buildings) Amendment Act 2016 (which has now been integrated into the Building Act 2004) with reference to potentially earthquake prone buildings. BMC have included a simple calculation / assessment of an element of the building form(s) or structure(s) that BMC have assessed as limiting the global seismic capacity of the building.

This structural assessment includes:-

- Review of existing building plans or production of a scale layout plan and review of any prior reports, if available:
- Undertaking interior and exterior visual inspection of exposed elements on-site, where access is available:
- Consideration of the general established geotechnical evidence for the site (from the initial 'Desktop Study' relevant to the CBD block by Geosolve Ltd);
- Completion of an Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) spreadsheet(s);
- Engineering assessment and/or calculation of a primary or critical structural element that is considered to limit the global seismic capacity of the building
- Production of a summary report

The assessment is made with regard to Clause B1 – Structure of the New Zealand Building Code. No other Building Code Clauses have been assessed by this report.

This structural assessment is based on the visual evidence and indications present at the time of inspection. No specific invasive investigation work has been carried out (although wall thicknesses and wall/parapet heights may be determined). The findings of this report may therefore be subject to revision pending further and more detailed investigation or assessment and/or deterioration of elements from earthquake or ground settlement. This report does not address any hidden or latent defects that may have been incorporated in the original design and construction.

This assessment has been restricted to structural aspects only. Waterproofing elements, electrical and mechanical equipment, fire protection and safety systems, service connections, water supplies and sanitary fittings have not been reviewed, and secondary elements such as internal fit out have not been reviewed.

The scope of this evaluation is limited to the initial or first stage assessment of the potential performance of the building in an earthquake ONLY. No assessment has been made of other load cases such as wind, snow and gravity.



Our professional services are performed using a degree of care and skill normally exercised, under similar circumstances, by reputable consultants practicing in this field at this time. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the professional advice presented in this report.

This report is provided solely for use by HWCP Management Ltd and shall not be relied on by any other parties without written approval from Batchelar McDougall Consulting.

3 Building Description

3.1 General Overview

The building located at 48 Tay Street, Invercargill is a part double part single storey structure with some mezzanine floors. The building is currently tenanted by Macpac who are only partly using the second floor of the main building.



Figure 1: Location of 48 Tay Street.

A full description of the building(s) is provided in Table 1 below.

Building Feature	Description
Building address:	48 Tay Street, Invercargill
Overall plan dimensions:	11.9 (E-W) x 50.1 m (N-S) - Main 11.9 (E-W) x 30m (N-S); Central 11.9 (E-W) x 16.12m (N-S); and Rear 6 (E-W) x 4m (N-S).
Number of storeys:	Main – 2, Central – 1, Rear – 2.
Gross floor area:	Approximately 985m2



Building Feature	Description
Building history:	Constructed circa 1910, frontage rebuilt circa 1952.
Archive Plan Availability	Yes, 1950 (side extension not part of this report, 1951, 1956 1988 drawings
Occupancy:	Tenanted by Macpac - Retail
Importance Classification: (AS/NZS 1170.0:2002: Table 3.2)	IL2 Normal building
Heritage Classification:	Recommended for removal from ICC Tier 2 Local List in 2016 (ref:-Invercargill City: Central City Heritage Building Review Re-assessment November 2016).

Table 1: Building Description

3.2 Construction Materials & Configuration

Based on the visual observations the following structure has been identified.

The roof structure of the building consists of corrugated iron roofing likely on timber purlin / rafters supported on timber trusses to the duo pitch roof form, the main building having 1 bay of the duo-pitched trusses across its width, with hip ends; the central element has 2 duo-pitched bays to its width with hip ends and the rear had a duo pitched roof with gable to a ridge orthogonal to the other elements (E-W).

The first floor is timber joists supported on, steel beams spanning (E-W) between the 350mm wide (3 wythes) unreinforced masonry (URM) brick side walls. The ground floor is a reinforced concrete ground bearing slab.

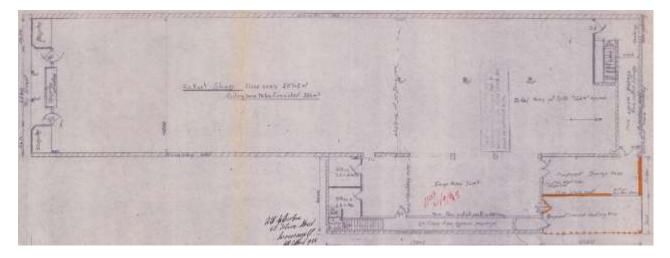


Figure 2: Building Ground Floor Plan from 1988 drawing by Untitled.

Gravity loads are transferred to the foundations via URM walls, timber first floor with steel beams and / or timber roof trusses and purlins.

Foundations are most likely reinforced concrete strip footings under external walls and RC pads to the metal columns.



The building is in a fair to poor condition given its age with evidence of cracking defects to the exposed façade elevation.

3.3 Lateral Load Resisting Structural System

The lateral load resisting system for this section of the building relies on the in-plane shear capacity of the external brick walls in both the rear 'across' (E-W) and both 'along' (N-S) directions and the very limited frame action of the units ground floor façade structure in the 'across' direction (E-W). Out-of-plane wall / floor / roof seismic loads or forces are transferred through the first-floor and / or roof structure via diaphragm action to orthogonal walls. This diaphragm action is unlikely to be effective particularly at roof level given its length and its construction. There are no effective connections noted or visible at roof or first floor level for diaphragm action.

3.4 Foundations & Geotechnical

There are no obvious signs of significant settlement in foundations or wall cracking. Foundation details for the perimeter of the building are unknown (assumed to be strip footings under the walls).

A 'Desk Top' geotechnical study titled Invercargill CBD Project Stage 1 dated February 2018 by Geosolve Ltd (Ref: 171019) has been completed. This study focused on the likely ground conditions for the Old Government Life & Old Southland Times buildings but does relate generally to the CBD block as a whole.

Key findings from the Geosolve report that are likely to relate to this 36 Tay Street building assessment are,

- Ground / Soil Class D is to be used for the purposes of seismic assessment
- Some Liquefaction induced differential settlement is likely in a significant (ULS) seismic event
- Bearing conditions for typical strip footings are less than 'good ground' as defined by NZS3604 (approx. half). Note BMC has not checked actual foundation bearing pressures for this building.

4 Building Inspection

4.1 Documentation

Documentation received by us that we consider relevant to this report includes:-

Description	Revision	Issue Date
Proposed Additions to Premises – File No. E9 (side extension) by Ford, Gray & Derbie - Architects	N/A	May 1950
Alterations to Premises File No. E9 (Façade and canopy) by Ford, Gray & Derbie - Architects	N/A	Oct 1951
Proposed new ceiling and officesWhole ground floor plan and sections by Ford, Gray & Derbie - Architects	N/A	Jun 1956



Description	Revision	Issue Date
Untilted (Ground Floor Plan extract)	N/A	Apr 1988
By unknown		

4.2 Observations and/or Damage

The building was inspected by Warren Holt of BMC on 27/02/2018. This was a visual inspection only of the internal and external accessible areas of the building. No invasive inspection works were carried out other than drilling of the walls to confirm composition.

Significant items of structural damage were observed including horizontal & vertical cracks to the exposed façade elevation wall and URM walls in danger of imminent collapse.

The following photo images and observations and specific comments relate to the inspection. A complete photo record of the inspection is available on request.

No#	Photo	Comments
1		The South wall comprises URM wall and frame construction with minimal bracing structure to ground floor. This is potentially a structural weakness for the building. The ground floor has no significant bracing provision at the façade.
2		The North elevation of the main element is URM 230mm thick with little effective structure to transfer out of plane loading up to the roof structure and a pier element which acts purely as a cantilever.
3		The rear element's East gable URM wall This was noted at the time as an immediate safety hazard (bricks falling out) and 'make safe' repairs enacted.



No#	Photo	Comments
4		The ground floor plan if practically fully open with no bracing structure along its length.
		Note there is no seismic gap to the buildings to the North, West or East and there is variable lateral load resistance in these buildings meaning that load from Southland Times, 42 and 50 Tay Street and the single storey RC frame element extension may be passed into or from this structure into the surrounding elements if all the buildings remain in place.

5 Assessment

5.1 Specific Calculations / Engineering assessment

The following additional items of calculation / consideration have been undertaken as part of this assessment.

The side boundary wall elements with respect to out-of-plane (OOP) performance, act as a cantilevers from ground floor level, given the lack of effective restraint provided by the roof construction detailing typical of this era of building. This is likely to be the critical element from a seismic perspective for this part of the building. The assumed parameters relating to this vertical cantilever brick wall are, height = 10.5m approx., thickness = 350mm. BMC has carried out an OOP calculation resulting in a 15%NBS performance for this wall (see Appendix A for calc sheet). Note this does not allow for the either the loss of brick section or mortar jointing which is not visually evident on site to these walls, but evident to the others, or the stress concentration resulting for the integrated windows.

The in-plane performance of the brick walls is likely to be adequate (<34%NBS).

5.2 IEP Spreadsheet Calculations

The NZ Society of Earthquake Engineers (NZSEE) have developed an assessment calculation (the IEP Spreadsheet) to be used in a preliminary estimation of the seismic capacity (Percentage of New Build Standard (%NBS)) of a building. This is primarily based on comparing the current seismic design Loadings Code (NZS1170.5) in 2018 with the seismic design load at the time the building was designed. It assumes that the original design was built to at least 100%NBS of the design load at this time. It allows for other 'engineering judgement' and observation factors to be incorporated but the process is at best a preliminary estimation.

We have carried out an IEP assessment for this building with the following results:

IEP Score – 10-15%NBS (limited by out-of-plane performance of the two storey element walls, soft story issues and potential diaphragm fixing issues).

The ISA assessment of this building therefore indicates an overall score of 10-20%NBS (IL2) if the building is taken as a whole, including the specific assessment results, corresponding to a 'Grade E' building as 1711-2266

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defined by the New Zealand Society for Earthquake Engineering (NZSEE) building grading scheme. This is below the threshold for earthquake prone buildings (34%NBS) and below the threshold for earthquake risk buildings (67%NBS) as recommended by the NZSEE. The IEP Spreadsheets are (for both parts of the building) included as Appendix A.

6 Seismic Restraint of Non-Structural Items

During an earthquake, the safety of people can be put at risk due to non-structural items falling on them. These items should be adequately seismically restrained, where possible, to the NZS 4219:2009 "The Seismic Performance of Engineering Systems in Buildings".

An assessment has not been made of the bracing of the false ceilings, in-ceiling ducting, services and plant or contents. These issues are outside the scope of this initial assessment but could be the subject of another investigation.

There was no evidence of significant elements of a non-structural nature that would cause for concern from tis effect.

7 Continued Occupancy Recommendations

Based on our assessment of the building, BMC consider continued occupancy for the next 6-12 months only is appropriate subject to the immediate isolation / repair of the 'make safe' works to the rear elements and, the conditions of the *Building (Earthquake-prone Buildings) Amendment Act 2016*, without subsequent inspections.

If required a DSA or a more detailed assessment with intrusive investigation work into the nature and capacity of the timber diaphragm connections to the bricks wall at roof plane and 1st floor levels walls was to be undertaken it could potentially raise its capacity to above 34%NBS and also enable an understanding of other aspects of its seismic performance.

8 Conclusions

Based on our assessment, the building has a seismic load carrying capacity of less than 34%NBS (IL2) and the building therefore, is considered to be potentially Earthquake-prone as defined by the Building Act.

The building has been classified by Invercargill City Council as a site of local significant, giving it a "Tier 2" heritage status in the "Proposed Invercargill City District Pan, dated January 2017. However, it it was recommended for removal from the listing by "Invercargill City: Central City Area Heritage Building Review Re-assessment 2016". The buildings current condition is determined as being fair to poor and requires some immediate 'make safe' works to be carried out.

If a more defined level of performance is required then a Detailed Seismic Assessment (DSA) would need to be carried out.

For more summary comments please refer to the Executive Summary.



APPENDIX A - NZSEE IEP Spreadsheet(s) & OOP Wall calc

Initial Evaluation Proced	ure (IEP) Assessment	- Completed for {Client/TA}		Page 1
Earthquake Engineering document "Asses conjunction with the limitations set out in	sment and Improvement of the Struct the accompanying report, and should	eismic assessment of the building following the pural Performance of Buildings in Earthquakes, at not be relied on by any party for any other puraken, and these may lead to a different result or	lune 2006". This spread pose. Detailed inspectio	sheet must be read in
Street Number & Name:	48 Tay Street		Job No.:	1711-2266
AKA:	Масрас		By:	W Holt
Name of building:			Date:	27/02/2018
City:	Invercargill		Revision No.:	Α
	luation Procedure Ste	p 1		
·				
1.1 Photos (attach sufficient to	describe building)			
See attached Report				
	NOTE: THERE ARE M	ORE PHOTOS ON PAGE 1a ATTACHED)	
1.2 Sketches (plans etc, show i	tems of interest)			
See attached Report	NOTE: THERE ARE MO	DRE SKETCHES ON PAGE 1a ATTACHE	.D	
1.3 List relevant features (Note:	only 10 lines of text will pri	int in this box. If further text require	ed use Page 1a)	
See attached report				
1.4 Note information sources	Tick as appropriate			
Visual Inspection of Exterior Visual Inspection of Interior Drawings (note type) various architectural plans through but	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	Specifications Geotechnical Reports Other (list)		

Street Number AKA: Name of build City:		48 Tay Street Macpac Invercargill			Job No.: By: Date: Revision No.	1711-2266 W Holt 27/02/2018
Table IEP-2	! Initial Ev	aluation Proce	edure Step 2			
Baseline (%NBS	rmination of (% 6) for particular buil nominal (%NBS	lding - refer Section E	35)	Longitudi	inal	Transverse
				Longituui	illai	<u> </u>
-	rengthening Data	ave been strengthen	ed in this direction			
	•	•	Iding has been strengthened to			N/A
Ü		· ·	1927			
b) Year of Des	ign/Strengthening	g, Building Type and	Seismic Zone			
				Pre 1935 1935-1965		Pre 1935 O
				1965-1976	_	1935-1965 🖸 1965-1976 🖸
				1976-1984		1976-1984
				1984-1992		1984-1992
				1992-2004 2004-2011		1992-2004 🖸 2004-2011 🖸
				Post Aug 2011		Post Aug 2011
			Building Type:	Others	<u>-</u>	Others
			Seismic Zone:		₩	
c) Soil Type Fro	om NZS1170.5:200	04, Cl 3.1.3 :		D Soft Soil	•	D Soft Soil
	om NZS4203:1992 or 1992 to 2004 and			Flexible		Flexible
d) Estimate P						
Comment				$h_n = \frac{10}{A_c} = \frac{10}{1.00}$		10 m 1.00 m ²
Moment R	esisting Concrete F	Frames:	$T = \max\{0.09h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$			
Moment R	esisting Steel Fran	nes:	$T = \max\{0.14h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$			
	illy Braced Steel Fr Frame Structures:	ames:	$T = \max\{0.08h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$ $T = \max\{0.06h_n^{0.75}, 0.4\}$	0		<u> </u>
Concrete	Shear Walls		$T = \max\{0.09h_n^{0.75}/A_c^{0.5}, 0.4\}$			•
	Shear Walls: ned (input Period):		$T \leq 0.4 \text{sec}$	0		0
Osei Delli		= height in metres from the	base of the structure to the			
		seismic weight or mass.		T: 0.40		0.40
e) Factor A:	Strengthening factor	r determined using result fi	rom (a) above (set to 1.0	Factor A: 1.00		1.00
f) Factor B:		SEE Guidelines Figure 3A	.1 using results	Factor B: 0.03		0.03
g) Factor C:		ete buildings designed bet ake as 1.0.	ween 1976-84 Factor	Factor C: 1.00		1.00
h) Factor D:		ned prior to 1935 Factor D by be taken as 1, otherwise	= 0.8 except for Wellington take as 1.0.	Factor D: 0.80		0.80
(%NBS) =	AxBxCxD		(%NBS) _{nom} 2%	_	2%

Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for {Client/TA} Page					
Street Number & Name: AKA: Name of building: City:	48 Tay Street Macpac Invercargill		Job N By: Date: Revis	0.: 1711-2266 W Holt 27/02/2018 ion No.: A	
-		lura Stan 2 aan			
		lure Step 2 con	tinuea		
2.2 Near Fault Scaling Factor, F If T ≤ 1.5sec, Factor E = 1	-actor E		<u>Longitudinal</u>	<u>Transverse</u>	
a) Near Fault Factor, <i>N(T,D)</i> (from NZS1170.5:2004, CI 3.1.6)			N(T,D): 1	1	
b) Factor E		= 1/N(T,D)	Factor E: 1.00	1.00	
2.3 Hazard Scaling Factor, Factor, Hazard Factor, Z, for site	tor F				
Location	Invercargill	-			
		(from NZS1170.5:2004,	Table 3.3)		
Z_{1992}			actor from accompanying Figure 3.5(b))		
Z_{2004}		(from NZS1170.5:2004,			
b) Factor F		_			
For pre 1992	=	1/ <i>Z</i>			
For 1992-2011	=	$Z_{1992}/Z \ Z_{2004}/Z$			
For post 2011	=	Z ₂₀₀₄ /Z	Factor F. 5.00	5.00	
			Factor F: 5.88	5.88	
a) Design Importance Level, I (Set to 1 if not known. For buildings design building set to 1.25. For buildings designe building set to 1.33 for Zone A or 1.2 for Z b) Design Risk Factor, Ro (set to 1.0 if other than 1976-2004, or not set.)	ed 1965-1976 and known to Zone B. For 1976-1984 set l	be designed as a public	I = 1	1	
c) Return Period Factor, R			Ν ₀ –	1	
(from NZS1170.0:2004 Building Importa	nce Level)	Choose Importance	R = 1.0	1.0	
d) Factor G	=	IR₀/R			
2.5 Ductility Scaling Factor, Fa		tructure	Factor G: 1.00	1.00	
Comment:			$\mu = 1.50$	1.50	
URM Generally					
b) Factor H	For pre 1976 (max	imum of 2)	$k_{\mu} = 1.29$	k _μ 1.29	
	For 1976 onwards	illiulii oi z)	= 1.29	1	
(where ky is N7S4470 E-2004 Inclustics	Speatrum Speling Easter, fr	om accompanying Table 2.2	Factor H: 1.29	1.29	
(where kμ is NZS1170.5:2004 Inelastic S			,		
2.6 Structural Performance Sca a) Structural Performance Factor (from accompanying Figure 3.4)	-	rl			
Tick if light timber-framed const	ruction in this directio	n	$S_p = \boxed{ 0.85}$	0.85	
b) Structural Performance Scalin Note Factor B values for 1992 to 2004 by	-	= $1/S_p$ 7 to account for Sp in this pe	Factor I: 1.18	1.18	
2.7 Baseline %NBS for Building (equals (%NBS) _{nom} x E x F x			20%	20%	
WADNING! This initial analystics has					

Initi	ial Evaluation Procedu	ıre (IEP) Assessı	ment - Comple	ted for {Cl	ient/TA}		Page 4
AKA	e of building:	48 Tay Street Macpac Invercargill			B _i Da	ob No.: y: ate: evision No.:	1711-2266 W Holt 27/02/2018 A
Tab	ole IEP-3 Initial Eval	luation Procedur	e Step 3				
	o 3 - Assessment of Perfo er Appendix B - Section B3.2)	rmance Achieveme	nt Ratio (PAR)				
a) Lo	ongitudinal Direction						
	potential CSWs		Effect on Structu (Choose a value - I				Factors
3.1	Plan Irregularity			•	idicj	F	
	Effect on Structural Performance Comment	_	SI	gnificant		■ Insignificant	Factor A 1.0
3.2	Vertical Irregularity Effect on Structural Performance		□ Si	gnificant		■ Insignificant	Factor B 1.0
3.3	Short Columns						
	Effect on Structural Performance Comment	e 🔲 Severe	□ Si	gnificant		Insignificant	Factor C 1.0
(E	Pounding Potential Estimate D1 and D2 and set D = Factor D1: - Pounding Effect Note: Values given assume the bi may be reduced by taking to	uilding has a frame stru he coefficient to the rig	icture. For stiff build ht of the value applic Facto	ings (eg shea cable to frame or D1 For Lo Severe	r walls), the effe buildings. ngitudinal Dire	ect of pounding ection: 1.0 Insignificant	to be minimal)
	Ali	gnment of Floors within 2	Separation 0% of Storey Height	0 <sep<.005h< td=""><td>.005<sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td><td></td></sep<.01h<></td></sep<.005h<>	.005 <sep<.01h< td=""><td>Sep>.01H</td><td></td></sep<.01h<>	Sep>.01H	
	Alignm	ent of Floors not within 2	0% of Storey Height	0.4	0.7	0.8	
	Comment b) Factor D2: - Height Diff	erence Effect	Facto	or D2 For Lo	ngitudinal Dire	ection: 1.0	
	Table for Selection of Fa	actor D2		Severe	Significant .005 <sep<.01h< td=""><td>Insignificant Sep>.01H</td><td></td></sep<.01h<>	Insignificant Sep>.01H	
		Height Diff	erence > 4 Storeys	0.4	0.7	1	II
		•	rence 2 to 4 Storeys fference < 2 Storeys	0.7 1	0.9 1	□ 1 □ 1	
	Comment						Factor D 1.0
3.5	Site Characteristics - Stabilit	y, landslide threat, liquefa	action etc as it affects	the structural p	performance from	a life-safety persp	ective
	Effect on Structural Performand Comment	ce Severe	□ S.	ignificant		Insignificant	Factor E 1.0
3.6	Other Factors - for allowance Record rationale for choic Brickwork condition - generally windows or even peirs supporte two storey element close to col	e of Factor F: reasonable although OC ed by window frames.	OP capacity limited given	-9	No	rimum value 1.5. minimum.	Factor F 0.5
3.7	Performance Achievement I (equals A x B x C x D x E x I	•				Lo	PAR 0.50
Engine limita	RNING!! This initial evaluation has be eering document "Assessment and Impr tions set out in the accompanying repor on them, have not been undertaken, ar	rovement of the Structural Per rt, and should not be relied on	formance of Buildings in E by any party for any other	arthquakes, June .	2006". This spreadsl	heet must be read in co	onjunction with the

Initial Evaluation Proced	ure (IEP) Assessment - Cor	npleted for {Client/T/	4}	Page 5
Street Number & Name: AKA: Name of building: City:	48 Tay Street Macpac Invercargill		Job No.: By: Date: Revision No.:	1711-2266 W Holt 27/02/2018 A
Table IEP-3 Initial Eva	luation Procedure Step 3			
Step 3 - Assessment of Perfo (Refer Appendix B - Section B3.2)	ormance Achievement Ratio (PA	AR)		
b) Transverse Direction				_
potential CSWs		n Structural Performance value - Do not interpolate)		Factors
3.1 Plan Irregularity	ce Severe	Significant	Insignificant	Factor A 0.7
Effect on Structural Performandiaphragm length to width >2.0		O.g.mount		Factor A 0.7
3.2 Vertical Irregularity		5 0	El tracionities and	
Effect on Structural Performant soft storey - no bracing to grou		☑ Significant	☐ Insignificant mass	Factor B 0.7
variation - ground floor mass le				
3.3 Short Columns Effect on Structural Performan Comment	ce Severe	Significant	Insignificant	Factor C 1.0
Table for Selection of A	uilding has a frame structure. For stifthe coefficient to the right of the value factor D1 Sepanignment of Floors within 20% of Storey Floors not within 20%	Factor D1 For Transvers Severe Signification 0 <sep<.005h .005<sep="" 1<="" leight="" th=""><th>se Direction: 1.0 cant Insignificant p<.01H Sep>.01H 1 1</th><th></th></sep<.005h>	se Direction: 1.0 cant Insignificant p<.01H Sep>.01H 1 1	
b) Factor D2: - Height Dif	ference Effect			
		Factor D2 For Transvers	se Direction: 1.0	J
Table for Selection of F	actor D2	Severe Signifi 0 <sep<.005h .005<sep<="" td=""><td>•</td><td></td></sep<.005h>	•	
	Height Difference > 4 St		-	
	Height Difference 2 to 4 St Height Difference < 2 St	E-1	=	
Comment				Factor D 1.0
3.5 Site Characteristics - Stabil	ity, landslide threat, liquefaction etc as it	affects the structural performan	ce from a life-safety ners	
Effect on Structural Performan		Significant	⊙ Insignifican	
Record rationale for ch	of all other relevant characteristics of the Dice of Factor F: It and West elevations capacity limited		rs - Maximum value 2.5 e - Maximum value 1.5. No minimum.	Factor F 1.00
				PAR
3.7 Performance Achievement (equals A x B x C x D x E x			٦	Fransverse 0.49
Engineering document "Assessment and Implimitations set out in the accompanying rep	neen carried out solely as an initial seismic assess provement of the Structural Performance of Build port, and should not be relied on by any party for c and these may lead to a different result or seismi	ings in Earthquakes, June 2006". This Iny other purpose. Detailed inspection	s spreadsheet must be read in (conjunction with the

Street Number & Name:	48 Tay Street	Job No.:	1711-2266
KA:	Масрас	By:	W Holt
lame of building:		Date:	27/02/2018
City:	Invercargill	Revision No.:	Α
	valuation Procedure Steps 4, 5, 6	and 7	
Step 4 - Percentage of New	Building Standard <i>(%NBS)</i>	Longitudinal	Transverse
.1 Assessed Baseline %Ni (from Table IEP - 1)	BS (%NBS) _b	20%	20%
.2 Performance Achievem (from Table IEP - 2)	ent Ratio (PAR)	0.50	0.49
.3 PAR x Baseline (%NBS)	ь	10%	10%
.4 Percentage New Buildir (Use lower of two values			10%
Step 5 - Potentially Earthqu	uake Prone? (Mark as appropriate)	%NBS <u>≤</u> 34	YES
Step 6 - Potentially Earthqu	uake Risk? (Mark as appropriate)	%NBS < 6	YES
Step 7 - Provisional Gradin	g for Seismic Risk based on IEP	Seismic Grade	e E
Additional Comments (iter	ns of note affecting IEP score)		
Indeterminable diaphragm of	<u> </u>		

Grade:	A+	Α	В	С	D	E
%NBS:	> 100	100 to 80	79 to 67	66 to 34	33 to 20	< 20

Initial Evaluation Procedure (IEP) Assessment - Completed for {Client/TA}					
Street Number & Name:	48 Tay Street		Job No.:	1711-2266	
AKA:	Масрас		By:	W Holt	
Name of building:			Date:	27/02/2018	
City:	Invercargill		Revision No.:	Α	
Table IEP-5 Initial Ev	aluation Procedu	re Step 8			
	otential Severe Critica a significant number	al Structural Weaknesses tha of occupants	t could result in		
8.1 Number of storeys above	ve ground level			2	
8.2 Presence of heavy cond	crete floors and/or con	crete roof? (Y/N)		N	
Occupancy not consi	dered to be significa	nt - no further consideration	required		
Risk not considered t	o be significant - no	further consideration require	d		
		Lungs			
IEP Assessm	ent Confirmed by	LIME?	Signature		
		Warren Holt	Name		
		1026871	CPEng. No		

itial Evaluation Proce	dure (IEP) Assessment - Complete	ed for {Client/TA}	Page '	
reet Number & Name:	48 Tay Street	Job No.:	1711-2266	
(A:	Масрас	By:	W Holt	
me of building:	Invercargill	Date:	27/02/2018	
ty:		Revision No.:	Α	
able IEP-1a Addition	nal Photos and Sketches			
Add any additional photo Note: print this page separately	graphs, notes or sketches required belo	ow:		
note. print une page coparatory				



Wanaka Office: Level 3, 99 Ardmore Street

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Macpac
48 Tay Street
Invercargill
1711-2266 Apr-18 WH

1711-2266 Apr-18 W ntilevered Wall Out-of-Plane

Subject:	Cantilevered Wall Out-of-Pla

URM Wall Proper	<u>ties</u>		NZS 1170.5	(2004) p	arameters		
γ _{wall}	20	kN/m³	Soil Class	D			
t_{wnom}	0.35	m	C _h (0)	1.12	From Table	3.1, use valu	ies in brackets
t_{weff}	0.343	m	N(T,D)	1	Refer to Se	ction 3.1.6	
$t_{cladding}$	0.0000	m	Z	0.17	Refer to Se	ction 3.1.4	
h	10.5	m	R	1	Refer to Se	ction 3.1.5	
W	73.5	kN	C(0)	0.19			
W_{clad}	0.0	kN	R_{P}	1	From Table	8.1	
Р	0.0	kN (Overbu	r h _n	10.5	m (Total He	eight)	
e_b	0.114	m	h_i	5.25	m (Average	height of pa	rt)
e_{p}	0.000	m	C_{Hi}	1.88	<u>Case</u>	Applicable	C _{Hi}
Уb	5.25	m	$C_{hc}(T_p)$	0.51	h _i < 12 m	YES	1.875
a	386	Nm	$C_p (T_p)$	0.18	$h_i < 0.2h_n$	NO	N/A
b	8	Nm			$h_i \ge 0.2h_n$	YES	3
J	276	kgm²	$C_p(0.75)$				
J_{anc}	0	kgm ²	$C_{hc}(0.75)$	1.48	g		
γ	1.50	participatio	r C _p (0.75)	0.75	g		
T_p	2.62	sec					123

Anchorage Design

 Δ_{i}

ф

 Δ_{m}

 \mathbf{D}_{ph}

%NBS

F* _{ton}	2.4	kN/m
$C_{con}(0.75)$	0.03	g
C _m	0.03	g

0.23

0.3 0.07

0.46

15

m

m

m

%

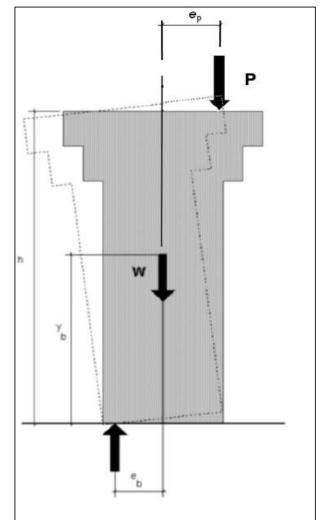


Figure C8B.3: Single cantilever