

BACKGROUND

Why are we upgrading Dunedin's central city?

Dunedin's central city infrastructure above and below the ground requires updating with some elements at the end of their operational life.

What are the main benefits of upgrading Dunedin's central city?

- · Create a healthy central city
- · Create a vibrant and distinctive city
- · Boost Dunedin's economy.

Dunedin's central city priority projects

Warehouse precinct

Upgrades to Vogel and Jetty Streets have been completed.

Retail quarter

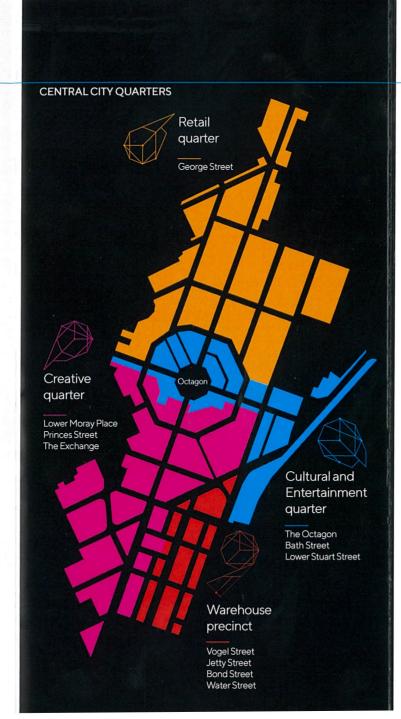
George Street, Dunedin's retail hub, is the next scheduled streetscape upgrade. The upgrades will take place between Moray Place and Albany Street.

Creative quarter

Upgrades on Lower Moray Place, Princes Street and the Exchange will take place after George Street.

Cultural and Entertainment quarter

The Octagon, Bath Street and Lower Stuart Street will follow the Creative quarter upgrades.



DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Below are design principles which will be used to guide the upgrades.



Putting people first

- · Improve the pedestrian experience of the city
- · Improve safety
- · Celebrate our walkable city
- · Create meeting and resting points
- Increase pedestrian space in the central city.



Creating an Ötepoti Dunedin sense of place

- Celebrate Dunedin's distinctive heritage, culture and character
- Enhance the city with input from its residents
- · Reflect Dunedin's past and develop its future.



Greening the city

- Create a network of trees and plants in the central city to reduce carbon emissions
- Green the streets to contribute to stormwater improvements
- Restore wildlife corridors and habitats for birds and insects.



Streets as places

- · Promote George Street as a destination
- · Create:
- · a memorable and distinctive place
- · an accessible city
- · places for people to meet.

To provide feedback please visit our website or call us at 03 477 4000

www.dunedin.govt.nz/centralcityplan



Central City Plan

WHAT'S BEEN HAPPENING

PAST

Central City Plan adopted by the Dunedin City Council (DCC).

Warehouse precinct revitalisation underway.

The DCC committed \$60 million in the 10 year plan for upgrades in the central city.

The DCC endorsed the Global Street Design Guide.

PRESENT

Community feedback on ideas for George Street within the Retail quarter.

\$28.2 million has been allocated to upgrade George Street (between Moray Place and Albany Street).

FUTURE

Concept design begins on George Street following community feedback.

Community engagement and streetscape upgrades in the Creative quarter and Cultural and Entertainment quarter will follow the Retail quarter upgrades.

For more information on the Central City Plan please visit our website or call us at 03 477 4000

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VAREHOUSE RECINCT



CULTURAL & ENTERTAINMENT QUARTER

Who's putting local issues on the national agenda?

We are. LGNZ.

Local Government Leaders' Climate Change Declaration

In 2015, Mayors and Chairs of New Zealand declared an urgent need for responsive leadership and a holistic approach to climate change. We, the Mayors and Chairs of 2017, wholeheartedly support that call for action.

Climate change presents significant opportunities, challenges and risks to communities throughout the world and in New Zealand. Local and regional government undertakes a wide range of activities that will be impacted by climate change and provides infrastructure and services useful in reducing greenhouse gas emissions and enhancing resilience.

We have come together, as a group of Mayors and Chairs representing local government from across New Zealand to:

- 1. acknowledge the importance and urgent need to address climate change for the benefit of current and future generations;
- 2. give our support to the New Zealand Government for developing and implementing, in collaboration with councils, communities and businesses, an ambitious transition plan toward a low carbon and resilient New Zealand;
- 3. encourage Government to be more ambitious with climate change mitigation measures;
- 4. outline key commitments our councils will take in responding to the opportunities and risks posed by climate change; and
- 5. recommend important guiding principles for responding to climate change.

We ask that the New Zealand Government make it a priority to develop and implement an ambitious transition plan for a low carbon and resilient New Zealand. We stress the benefits of early action to moderate the costs of adaptation to our communities. We are all too aware of challenges we face shoring up infrastructure and managing insurance costs. These are serious financial considerations for councils and their communities.

To underpin this plan, we ask that a holistic economic assessment is undertaken of New Zealand's vulnerability to the impacts of climate change and of the opportunities and benefits for responding. We believe that New Zealand has much at stake and much to gain by adopting strong leadership on climate change emission reduction targets.

We know that New Zealanders are highly inventive, capable and passionate about the environment. New Zealanders are proud of our green landscapes, healthy environment and our unique kiwi identity and way of life. Central and local government, working together with communities and business, can develop and implement ambitious strategies based on sound science, to protect our national inheritance and security.

Council Commitments

For our part we commit to:

- Develop and implement ambitious action plans that reduce greenhouse gas emissions and support resilience within our own councils and for our local communities. These plans will:
 - a. promote walking, cycling, public transport and other low carbon transport options;
 - b. work to improve the resource efficiency and health of homes, businesses and infrastructure in our district; and
 - c. support the use of renewable energy and uptake of electric vehicles.
- 2. Work with our communities to understand, prepare for and respond to the physical impacts of climate change.
- 3. Work with central government to deliver on national emission reduction targets and support resilience in our communities.

We believe these actions will result in widespread and substantial benefits for our communities such as; creating new jobs and business opportunities, creating a more competitive and future-proof economy, more efficient delivery of council services, improved public health, creating stronger more connected communities, supporting life-long learning, reducing air pollution and supporting local biodiversity. In short, it will help to make our communities great places to live, work, learn and visit for generations to come.

Guiding Principles

The following principles provide guidance for decision making on climate change. These principles are based on established legal¹ and moral obligations placed on Government when considering the current and future social, economic and environmental well-being of the communities they represent.

1. Precaution

There is clear and compelling evidence for the need to act now on climate change and to adopt a precautionary approach because of the irreversible nature and scale of risks involved. Together with the global community, we must eliminate the possibility of planetary warming beyond two degrees from pre-industrial levels. This could potentially threaten life on Earth (Article 2 of the UNFCCC). Actions need to be based on sound scientific evidence and resourced to deliver the necessary advances. Acting now will reduce future risks and costs associated with climate change.

2. Stewardship/Kaitiakitanga

Each person and organisation has a duty of care to safeguard the life-supporting capacity of our environment on which we all depend and to care for each other. Broad-based climate policies should enable all organisations and individuals to do all they feasibly can to reduce emissions and enhance resilience. Policies should be flexible to allow for locally and culturally appropriate responses.

¹ These Guiding Principles are established within the: Treaty of Waitangi, Resource Management Act 1991, Local Government Act 2002, Civil Defence and Emergency Management Act 2002, Oslo Principles 2014, Principles of Fundamental Justice and Human Rights.

3. Equity/Justice

It is a fundamental human right to inherit a habitable planet and live in a just society. The most vulnerable in our community are often disproportionately affected by change and natural hazards. Approaches need to consider those most affected and without a voice, including vulnerable members in our community, our Pacific neighbours and future generations.

4. Anticipation (thinking and acting long-term)

Long-term thinking, policies and actions are needed to ensure the reasonably foreseeable needs of current and future generations are met. A clear and consistent pathway toward a low carbon and resilient future needs to provide certainty for successive governments, businesses and communities to enable transformative decisions and investments to be made over time.

5. Understanding

Sound knowledge is the basis of informed decision making and participatory democracy. Using the best available information in education, community consultation, planning and decision making is vital. Growing understanding about the potential impacts of climate change, and the need for, and ways to respond, along with understanding the costs and benefits for acting, will be crucial to gain community support for the transformational approaches needed.

6. Co-operation

The nature and scale of climate change requires a global response and human solidarity. We have a shared responsibility and can not effectively respond alone. Building strong relationships between countries and across communities, organisations and scientific disciplines will be vital to share knowledge, drive innovation, and support social and economic progress in addressing climate change.

7. Resilience

Some of the impacts of climate change are now unavoidable. Enhancing the resilience and readiness of communities and businesses is needed so they can thrive in the face of changes. Protecting the safety of people and property is supported by sound planning and a good understanding of the risks and potential responses to avoid and mitigate risk.

THE FOLLOWING MAYORS AND CHAIRS SUPPORT THIS DECLARATION

Mayor Dave Cull
Dunedin City Council

Mayor Lianne Dalziel Christchurch City Council

Kay Wallace.

Mayor Grant Smith

Palmerston North City Council

Hutt City Council

Mayor Ray Wallace

Mayor Rachel Reese Nelson City Council Mayor Steve Chadwick Rotorua Lakes Council

Mayor Wayne Guppy Upper Hutt City Council Mayor Don Cameron Ruapehu District Council

Chris Laidlaw, Chair

Greater Wellington Regional Council

Mayor David Ayers

Waimakariri District Council

Mayor Winston Gray

Mayor

Kaikoura District Council

Mayor Bill Dalton

Napier City Council



Mayor Andy Watson Rangitikei District Council

Mayor Allan Sanson Waikato District Council

Mayor Justin Lester Wellington City Council

Mayor Phil Goff Auckland Council

Mayor Sam Broughton Selwyn District Council

Rex Graham, Chair Hawke's Bay Regional Council Mayor Lyn Patterson

Mayor Lyn Patterson

Masterton District Council

Stephen Woodhead, Chair Otago Regional Council

Mayor Tony Bonne
Whakatane District Council

Mayor K (Guru) Gurunathan Kāpiti Coast District Council

Mayor Bryan Cadogan Clutha District Council

Mayor John Tregidga Hauraki District Council

Mayor Neil Holdom

New Plymouth District Council

J.B.Boots:

Mayor John Booth

Carterton District Council

Mayor Alex Walker

Central Hawke's Bay District Council

Bill Shepherd, Chair

Northland Regional Council

Mayor Tracy Hicks

Gore District Council

Mayor Jenny Shattock

South Waikato District Council

Mayor Tim Shadbolt

Invercargill City Council

Mayor Brian Hanna

Waitomo District Council

Mayor Viv Napier

South Wairarapa District Council

David MacLeod, Chair

Taranaki Regional Council

Mayor Tim Cadogan

Central Otago District Council

Mayor John Leggett

Marlborough District Council

Mayor Hamish McDouall

Whanganui District Council

Mayor Sandra Hazlehurst

Transk Aylchut

ShSHLownder.

Hastings District Council

Steve Lowndes, Acting Chair

Environment Canterbury

Ow Land.

Doug Leeder, Chair

Bay of Plenty Regional Council

Alan Livingston, Chair Waikato Regional Council

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Mayor Greg Brownless Tauranga City Council

Mayor Meng Foon Gisborne District Council

Mayor Mike Tana Porirua City Council

Mayor Alfred Preece Chatham Islands Council

Mayor Jim Mylchreest Waipa District Council Jan.

Mayor Jan Barnes

Matamata-Piako District Council

Mayor Garry Webber

Western Bay of Plenty District Council

Bordin

Bruce Gordon, Chair

Horizons Regional Council

Nicol Horrell, Chair

Environment Southland

Mayor Richard Kempthorne

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Tasman District Council

Mayor Malcolm Campbell

Kawerau District Council

Mayor Tony Kokshoorn

Grey District Council

Jonne Javel

Mayor Donna Favel Ashburton District Council

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Mayor Jim Boult Queenstown-Lakes District Council

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Mayor John CarterFar North District Council

Mayor Michael Feyen Horowhenua District Council

Mayor Max Baxter Otorohanga District Council

Mayor Ross Dunlop South Taranaki District Council